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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Columbia defeated Defender in a forty-three mile run yesterday. —— Severe cyclone in Porto Rico; several people killed; barracks and other buildings at San Juan destroyed. —— The republics of Argentin Brazila and Chili are negotiating for an alliance against the United States. —— Government troops sent to attack the revolutionists at Dajabon, San Domingo, deserted and went over to the enemy. —— The American loss in the advance of General McArthur on Filipinos at San Fernando is reported at between thirty and forty. —— An unknown negro who assaulted a white woman at Jasper, Ga., was shot to death by a posse. —— J. M. Bates, wanted in New York for theft of bonds, arrested in Savannah, Ga. —— Yellow fever situation at the Soldier's Home remains unchanged; no new cases and no deaths. —— New rice marketed in Charleston. —— The Dreyfus court martial continued consideration of the secret dossier yesterday; a public session will be held Saturday. —— —New York markets: Money on call steady at 2½@3½ per cent., the last loan being at 2½ per cent.; cotton quiet; middling uplands 6¼c; flour was held higher than buyers, views and consequently ruled quiet; wheat—spot firm, No. 2 red, 75c; corn—spot strong, No. 2 38½c; oats—spot firm; No. 2, white, 29c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine firm at 44c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., August 9.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 74 degrees, 8 P. M., 79 degrees; maximum, 82 degrees; minimum, 73 degrees; mean, 78 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .34; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 2.69 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 7.0 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Light to moderate showers have occurred in the districts east of the Mississippi Valley. The temperature changes have been slight.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—For North Carolina—Showers and thunder storms Thursday, with warmer in eastern and central portions; fair Friday, with high temperature, fresh southerly winds.

Port Almanac---August 10.

Sun Rises	5.17 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.53 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 36 M.
High Water at Southport	10.14 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	1.44 A. M.

One of the good signs of the times is a reported decrease in the consumption of cigarettes. But there are still enough consumed to make a formidable death-roll.

Some of the Berlin newsoapers are predicting a financial callapse in Germany. The trusts have been multiplying and expanding until they have got to the bursting point.

The fellows who in New York burned W. W. Astor in effigy because he became a British subject showed more ardor than good taste or sense. If he played the ass that was no reason why they should play the fool.

The New York *Sun* denounces as the meanest demagogue extant the fellow who originated the statement that we paid Spain $2 a head for the Filipinos. Charge it to Tom Reed. He has never yet denied it or apologized for it.

The New York *Tribune* propounds the following inquiry. "What is there in a "favorite son" to disqualify him from serving his country?" Nothing at all provided he be not foisted into positions over more competent men who do not not happen to be "favorite sons."

The Director of the Mint figures the output of gold for 1898 at between $294,000,000 and $295,000,000, distributed as follows: From Africa $80,000,300, Australia $67,000,500, United States $64,000,000, Russia $25,000,000, Mexico $10,000,000, Canada, including the Klondike, $14,000,000.

Now we can understand why Chicago is so frisky and shows such a disposition to buck up against all creation. For a long time she has been feeding on goat meat when she thought she was eating mutton. Some weeks the slaughtering establishments kill and put upon the market as mutton as high as 8,000 goats.

Gen. Shafter says the soldiers returned from Manila who criticise Otis are "riff-raff." Maybe so. But they are the kind of riff raff who went where they were ordered to go and took what they were ordered to take (and a great deal more, when they found it laying around loose) without asking any questions, and made it pretty warm for the other fellows all the time.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The steamship *E. A. Hawes*, with a party of excursionists on board, returned yesterday to Clear Run.

— The steamer *A. P. Hurt* did not arrive yesterday. It was reported here that she put back to Fayetteville for repairs.

— Mr. R. P. Pickett has been appointed assistant to the superintendent of streets, vice G. T. Williamson, who has been elected to a position in the fire department.

— Alice Boldin was fined $5 in Justice Fowler's court yesterday for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. Benj. Wilkins, colored, for assault and battery, was required to pay the costs.

— W. G. Hawkins, an employe in the carding room at the Wilmington Cotton Mills, had his thumb and forefinger severely mashed in some of the machinery early yesterday morning.

— Sheriff MacRae did a regular bargain day business in collecting schedule B tax yesterday. His list of the "unfaithful," considerably diminished, will be taken up by the grand jury this morning.

— The suspected sailor, who was detained by Quarantine Officer Green in the city prison Tuesday night, was sent out of the city on the north-bound train yesterday morning. He paid his own travelling expenses.

— Announcement of the marriage of Mr. R. L. Piver, of Southport, to Miss Ida W. Rising, daughter of Mr. Richard Rising, of Wilmington, was made yesterday. The young couple will reside at Southport.

— Very satisfactory progress on the drainage of the pond near the Second Advent Church, was again made yesterday by the extra force of street laborers. The work will probably be completed to-day.

— A letter received in the city yesterday from Arie Bryant, the negro who has been twice banished by citizens from Wilmington, is dated from Philadelphia and signifies the refugee's intention of never returning to Wilmington.

— The Clyde steamship *Sagamore*, which will make this week's run to Wilmington instead of the *New York*, which has been assigned to this port by the company in place of the *Geo. W. Clyde*, now being repaired, is expected to arrive this morning.

— The countenance of the genial Capt. "Billie" Oldham, clerk to the Board of County Commissioners, fairly beamed with satisfaction yesterday. When the reason was inquired, it was learned that the county had received from one back-tax collection the sum of $651.51.

— James Morgan, colored, the negro who broke into the house of another negro named Noye, Tuesday night, and who encountered a substantial rebuff in the shape of a clubbing over the head with a club axe, was fined $10 in the police court yesterday for disorderly conduct.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

S. W. Sanders—Tea.
Seacoast Road—Schedule.
Grand Union Tea Co.—Wanted.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Lost—Gold spectacle.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. Delos Thomas, of Winston-Salem, is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. Oscar Lewis, of Charlotte, spent several hours in the city yesterday.

Capt. Geo. L. Morton is absent from the city at Verona, Onslow county.

— Mr. John D. Ramsey, of Bannermann's, Pender county, was a welcome caller at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. M. B. Williamson, clerk of the Criminal Court of Mecklenburg county, is down on a visit to the beaches.

— Mrs. William Doris, of Mount Olive, who has been spending some time at Wrightsville Beach, returned to her home yesterday.

— Mr. L. Southerland, of Wallace, and Mr. J. A. Cavanaugh, of Hallsboro, were among those who came to the city yesterday on business trips.

— Rev. Alfred T. Graham, of Davidson College, arrived in the city yesterday. He will preach at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church Sunday morning and evening.

— Mrs. Maggie Bryce Memory, of Albany, Ga., is spending several weeks in the city, the guest of Dr. and Mrs. N. M. Culbreth. From this city Mrs. Memory will go to Red Springs, where she will spend the remainder of the Summer.

—Elder E. Fiske and wife left yesterday afternoon for Lenoir, N. C., to attend the Piedmont Conference of Second Adventists in session there. The church here of which Elder Fiske is pastor, has granted him a leave of absence for one month.

Moore's Creek Celebration.

The STAR acknowledges the receipt of a very kind invitation from Capt. R. P. Paddison, of Point Caswell, to attend the grand celebration to be held at the Moore's Creek Battle Grounds under the auspices of the Moore's Creek Monumental Association, on Thursday, August 17th. The Second Regiment Band, of this city, has been employed to furnish music.

IT WAS A MISTRIAL.

The Jury Failed to Agree in the Case Against James Pearsall, Colored.

CONTINUED TO NEXT TERM.

Is Charged With Receiving Brasses Stolen From the W. and W. Railroad Co. Several Cases for Petit Offences Disposed of Yesterday.

There was one mistrial, the first of the term, in the Circuit Criminal Court yesterday. It was in the case against James Pearsall, colored, charged with larceny and receiving stolen goods; the offence being similar to that against W. H. Boyette, colored, for receiving brasses stolen from the W. & W. Railroad Company, whose conviction was announced in yesterday's STAR.

The case against Pearsall was given to the jury yesterday some time before noon and about 3 o'clock returned to the court room, the foreman announcing to the court that the jury could not agree, the vote standing seven for conviction and five for acquittal. Judge Battle tried to throw some light upon the case but the foreman explained that he saw no prospect for an agreement. The judge then charged the jury that the court was very averse to putting the county to the expense of a second trial and urged them if possible to agree upon a verdict. The jury then returned to their room, took a final ballot, the vote standing as before, seven for conviction and five for acquittal, and returning to the court room announced the impossibility of their ever agreeing. Thereupon a juryman was withdrawn and a mistrial declared. Pearsall was required to give a $100 justified bond for his appearance at the next term of court. He was recommitted to jail pending the filing of the bond, provided he should find bondsmen Brooke G. Empie, Esq., and Geo. L. Peschau, Esq., are his counsel.

Jim Grady, the negro charged with attempting to forge the name of Dr. Porter and pass checks made payable to the Eastern Carolina Piscatorial Association, was found not guilty.

Henry Reynolds, colored, was convicted of larceny and sentenced to six months in the county jail; the commissioners to work him on the public roads if they so desire.

Becky Clarady, a disreputable negro woman, was convicted of stealing a sum of money from a white man in "Racket Store alley" a few nights ago and sentenced to one year's imprisonment in the county jail, the commissioners to hire her out at their discretion.

Mamie Sheridan, charged with keeping a disorderly house, was arraigned in court and the case continued until next term, the defendant being required to give a $50 bond for her appearance.

Henry Anderson, colored, was convicted of assault and battery with deadly weapon and sentenced to six months imprisonment in the county jail.

Howe Anderson, colored, was found guilty of trespass and judgment suspended.

W. M. Willliams, colored, was found guilty of larceny and sentenced to two years in the county jail with permission for the commissioners to work him on the county roads.

Geo. Lewis, and C. Waddell, colored, for an affray, were sentenced to a month each in the county jail.

Josephine Pigford and Alford Hooper, both colored, were tried for affray. Hooper was convicted and Josephine Pigford acquitted. Hooper was given three months in the county jail.

The grand jury returned a number of true bills among them being bills against Charles and John Mackey for stealing brasses from the Clarendon Water Works Co's office on Princess street.

Court took a recess about 3 30 o'clock until 9 o'clock this morning.

ON GREENVILLE SOUND.

A Marooning Party Under the Chaperonage of Mr. and Mrs. West.

There is a merry marooning, party on Greenville Sound at the cottage of Mrs. C. P. Mebane under the chaperonage of Mr. and Mrs. H. P. West. Members of the party are Miss Hawley, of Fayetteville; Miss Anna Peck, Miss Jennie Peck, Miss Mary T. Peck, Miss Fair Payne, Miss Elizabeth Payne, Miss Lina Wiggins, Miss Emma West, Mr. George P. James, Mr. Tom Green, Mr. Thos. W. Davis, Mr. J. Van B. Metts, Mr. Robert Narsh, Mr. Harry West, and Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Willard.

Mr. Thos. W. Davis' staunch yacht the *Frolic*, is at the disposal of the party and delightful sails are among the numerous pleasurable pastimes.

Preparing for Encampment.

Col. Walker Taylor with a detachment of members of his brigade of Immanuel Presbyterian Church, in charge of Corporal Burruss, will leave this morning at 6 o'clock on the steamer *Wilmington* to put up tents and otherwise prepare for the encampment of the brigade at Carolina Beach, which begins Friday and will last until the following Monday week. The detachment will be composed of Messrs. James Price, Robert Presson, Thad F. Tyler, Jr., and Hans Kure.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency will sell for cash, or will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington, a farm of 272 acres, three miles from Rose Hill. Address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

TARBORO VANQUISHED CHARLOTTE YESTERDAY.

It Was a Great Game of Ball—Seven to Six Was the Score—Wilmington Games.

Base ball interest in the city yesterday was centered in the Tarboro-Charlotte game, which was played yesterday afternoon on the Charlotte diamond. What added keenness to the interest was the fact that Charlotte is soon to engage the team of the Wilmington Athletic Association and Wilmington ball enthusiasts were anxious to determine Charlotte's real strength by reason of recent accessions to the nine.

The following special telegram was received by the STAR last night:

CHARLOTTE, N. C., August 9.—In the Charlotte—Tarboro game this afternoon Tarboro won from Charlotte by a score of 7 to 6. Kenna for Tarboro and Jones for Charlotte did fine work in the pitcher's box. The game was a beautiful one and came near proving too much for Tarboro. Hits: Tarboro, 10; Charlotte, 9; errors: Tarboro 8; Charlotte 5.

It will be remembered that the score of the first game between Tarboro and Concord at Charlotte was 11 to 5 in favor of Tarboro and that of the second game 5 to 2 in favor of Concord.

The only game scheduled for Wilmington this week, as previously announced, is on to morrow between the Athletic Association and Fort Caswell. It is probable that games between Wilmington and Charlotte will be arranged for the latter part of next week. Wilmingtonians will be glad to learn that the Athletic Association has engaged Mr. R. H. Gwaltney for their team and he is expected to arrive some time this week.

EXCURSIONS HERE YESTERDAY.

One From Clinton and Another From Rutherfordton—Open Air Concert.

The excursion from Clinton under the management of Messrs. R. F. Herring and Theodore Clute arrived yesterday morning about 10 o'clock with six coaches and baggage car. The train brought about 250 people, most of whom went at once to Wrightsville Beach. The excursion returned to Clinton at 8.30 o'clock last night.

The party of excursionists who came down from Rutherfortон, Charlotte and intermediate points, spent yesterday in visiting Carolina and Wrightsville beaches and "taking in" places of interest in the city.

Rev. S. F. Conrad, manager of the excursion, expected last night to have given a free open air concert at Hilton Park, a part of the proceeds of the extra travel on cars to have been given by the Wilmington Street Railway for the benefit of a church in which Rev. Mr. Conrad is interested, but the idea of giving the concert had to be abandoned at the last moment on account of the tax of $6 imposed on the performance.

A very entertaining concert was however, given at the Fulton House and a number of friends contributed liberally to the charity for which the concert was designed.

A number of the excursionists enjoyed a delightful trip to sea on the steamer *Wilmington* yesterday afternoon, returning to the city about 6 o'clock.

DEATH YESTERDAY AFTERNOON.

Mrs. Tereance Flanagan Died at 5.45 O'clock at Residence of Her Brother.

Friends in this city will learn with regret of the death of Mrs. Tereance Flanagan, which occurred at the home of her brother, Mr. Edward Glavin, 410 North Third street, yesterday afternoon at 5.45 o'clock.

Mrs. Flanagan was 65 years of age and had been in declining health for some time.

Besides her brother, Mr. Edward Glavin, the deceased leaves a son, Mr. E. J. Flanagan, a popular engineer of the Atlantic Coast Line, with whom many friends will sympathize in the loss he has sustained.

The funeral will be from the late residence this morning at 10.15 o'clock, thence to St. Thomas' Catholic church, where requiem mass will be said and the remains taken to Oakdale cemetery for interment.

Carolina and Northern.

A gentleman in the city from Lumberton yesterday tells the STAR that very satisfactory progress is being made on the extension of a railway from his town to Marion, S. C., which is known as the Carolina and Northern. While work on the road bed has been materially hindered by the heavy downpour of rain which has flooded all low places, arrangements for the completion of the road have been otherwise made. About ten car loads of 60 pound steel rails have already arrived and others are expected soon.

Death in the Country.

News of the death of Mr. Simon G. Craig, an estimable citizen of Federal Point township, reached the city yesterday morning. His death occurred Tuesday night, and was very sudden, he having been in sufficiently good health on the day previous to attend to his usual duties. He was 34 years of age, and had only a few months before his death married Miss Rosa Batson, who, with a number of relatives in the city and county, survive him. The cause of his death is thought to have been heart trouble.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency is prepared to give prompt and efficient service to all persons wishing to sel. farms or town property. Address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

REPORT NOT CREDITED.

Baltimore Sun Announces That Cruiser Hornet Will be Assigned to Maryland Naval Militia.

The Baltimore *Sun* of Tuesday announces that the Maryland Naval Militia will get the converted cruiser *Hornet*, which is now assigned to this port for the use of the North Carolina Naval militia. However, it is believed in Naval Reserve circles here that there is some mistake about the matter as nothing whatever has been heard of the reported change by Capt. Geo. L. Morton, Commander H. H. McIlhenny or any other officer of the North Carolina Reserves.

Referring to the matter the *Sun* says.

The Maryland Naval Militia, which has just returned from a trip to the Capes on the Sylvia, is to have another vessel for a practice ship and will give up the Dale, which the command has had for five years. The new boat is the Hornet, and is now in possession of the Naval Militia of North Carolina and Lieutenant-Commander Geer expects to send a picked crew from the Maryland Naval Militia for her in about a month. She is about three times the size of the Sylvia, and was in service about the island of Cuba during the Spanish war. The Sylvia will be retained also and both vessels are to be used by the militia, the idea being to have sham battles between the two.

There is a movement on foot for the Maryland Naval Militia to go to New York to attend the Dewey celebration. If the Hornet can be secured before that time she will take the sailor boys there, and if a large number desire to go the Sylvia may go also to accommodate them. The New York militiamen have promised the Marylanders a lively reception and they will probably take part in both the land and naval parades.

ON CAROLINA BEACH.

Excursion by Howard Relief Fire Engine Company a Big Success—The Prize Winners.

The excursion by the Howard Relief Fire Engine Company on the steamer *Wilmington* to Carolina Beach yesterday was a big success in every particular. The patronage was very good, and the programme for the day's entertainment was carried out quite successfully.

The bowling and shooting races during the afternoon were very enjoyable. Mr. E. P. H. Strunck won the first bowling prize, and Mr. John Haar the second. Mr. Strunck made the remarkable record of scoring fifty points out of a possible fifty.

In the shooting contest the first and second prizes were won respectively by Henry D. Oldenbuttel and H. T. Duls.

The Second Regiment Band went to the Beach on the 5:15 boat and gave a very enjoyable concert at the Hanover Seaside club house. Last night there was music by an excellent string band and dancing was the favorite pastime until 11 o'clock, when the last boat left for the city.

The committee on arrangements and all who in any way contributed to the success of the excursion are to be congratulated upon the success of the event.

Moore's Creek Celebration.

Gentlemen in the city yesterday who are interested in the great celebration to be held by the Moore's Creek Monumental Association next Thursday said that the arrangements are developing quite satisfactorily. The Governors of almost every one of the thirteen original States have accepted invitations to attend, and several of them will deliver brief addresses. The Governor of North Carolina will be the orator of the day. The big pavilion on the battle ground will be completed in a day or two, and fully 4,000 people are expected to attend the celebration. Ample provision for the entertainment of all who attend is assured.

Goes to Norfolk.

The STAR regrets to announce that Mr. John F. Newsom, the clever and efficient assistant observer in the Wilmington Weather Bureau, is to be transferred to Norfolk. Mr. C. A. Mueller, of Alabama, is expected to arrive very soon and immediately thereafter, Mr. Newsom will leave for his new post. Mrs. Newsom will accompany him.

Volunteer Firemen.

A dispatch from Greensboro says that the fire department there "has appointed a committee to draft resolutions denouncing the Newbern and Goldsboro firemen for their ungentlemanly conduct while attending the tournament there last week. The impression is there will be no more tournaments unless the State is divided."

Committeemen Organized.

Capt. Ed Wilson Manning yesterday organized the school committeemen for District No. 3, Masonboro township. Mr. J. T. Hawkins was elected chairman and Mr. T. W. Bishop, secretary. Mr. W. G. Fergus the third member of the board for that district. Committeemen from only three districts are yet to be organized.

Renting Umbrellas.

Mr. H. J. Gerken, the enterprising proprietor of the smoking emporium and The Orton cigar stand, has added an umbrella rental department to his stand at The Orton. He has a number of umbrellas, which he rents at 25 cents each for periods of time not longer than a day.

Read the advertisement of the Eas Carolina Real Estate Agency in thi issue of the STAR. It offers for sals some very valuable farms. †

TRUCKERS' MEETING.

Directors of Truck and Fruit Growers' Association Held Important Session.

IN THIS CITY YESTERDAY.

Freight Rates, Improved Schedule and Refrigerator Car Service the Matters Discussed—A. C. L. Will Choose Refrigerator Car Service.

There was an important session of the Board of Directors of the East Carolina Truck and Fruit Growers' Association yesterday in the office of the Merchants' Association. The purpose of the meeting was to take further action regarding the securing of lower freight rates on berries and other truck; also, a more desirable and faster schedule for getting the berries and truck to the Northern and Western markets, and to consider further the matter of awarding a contract for refrigerator car service for the coming year.

Members of the Board were very reticent about giving the proceedings to representatives of the press.

As to the matter of further adjustment of freight rates and the demand for improved train schedule, Secretary Steinmetz told a member of the STAR staff that no action of public interest was taken and negotiations are still pending. It is not possible, either, to make any definite announcement as to the contract for refrigerator car service. The STAR has it from good authority that the matter of choosing between the three competing companies, the Swift Company, the C. F. X. Company and the Armour Company, has been left to the Atlantic Coast Line authorities.

It will be of interest to note that the C. F. T. Company which has moved the berry crop the past five years has consolidated with the Swift Company. Mr. C. W. Woodward, heretofore manager for the C. F. T. Company continues with the Swift Company and told a member of the STAR staff last night that his company is in the race for the contract for next year and expects to get it.

It is known that Mr. W. W. Tiburner, of Chicago, who is here in the interest of the Ameous Company, telegraphed his firm last night that he is practically assured of the contract. Several prominent truckers congratulated him in the lobby of The Orton yesterday evening. Others said that the Armour Company is by no means assured of the contract.

The full Board of Directors was in attendance upon the meeting yesterday.

Members of the Board are President W. L. Hill, Warsaw, Vice President J. A. Brown, Chadbourn; Secretary C. M. Steinmetz, Rose Hill; Treasurer S. H. Strange, Fayetteville; Dr. G. F. Lucas, Currie; Mr. W. E. Springer, Wilmington; Mr. D. Boner, Grice; A. F. Colters, Chadbourn; Dr. E. Porter, Rocky Point; Mr. E. H. Patterson, Burgaw; W. J. Boney, Wallace; Mr. B. F. Fussell, Teachey's; Mr. G. W. Fussell, Rose Hill; Mr. J. S. Westbrook, Faison; Mr. J. A. Westbrook, Mt. Olive; Mr. D. J. Aaron, Mt. Olive.

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice August 8th, 1899.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Miss Carrie Allen, Miss R E Bowden, Miss Lucy Bowden, Miss Dosie Cook, Miss Estella Crawford, Miss Susana Carter, Mrs Charlotte Dower, Miss Clara Daniel, Miss S J Davis, Julia Franks, Mrs Mariah Green, Mrs Tom Herring, Mrs Will Hales, Mrs Susan Jarrell, Miss Nellie King, Miss Minnie Martin, Miss M L Moris, Miss Jessie Merrick, Mrs E N Miller, Miss C M Meares, Miss S E Pierce, Miss Ida Purchie, Miss Martha Spara, Miss Evelina Swain, Miss Ida Wilson, Mrs M A West.

MEN'S LIST.

Esah Brown, Henry T Barr, W Bartley, Johnny Bunner, Buchard Lumber Co, J H Curry, R J Canady, W C Cumming, J H Davis, John W Driver, C R Eagerton, J T Ezzell, J E Farrar, Lindy Foy, A Grant, Thos Hussey, E Rowland Hill, Hub Bros, Hewes Lumber Co, Jno F Jones, Fin McCoy, Eddie Jackson, H M Miller, C W McPherson, A J McKilway, W L Rodgers, Chas Pearsall, C E Seymour, C H Smith, Adolphus St Clair, Henry Townsend, Townsend & Co, Stone, Marshall & Co, James Wall, J H Wood, L V Wales, Wm H White, Geo A Vuit, W H York, W P Yarp.

RETURNED FROM DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

Joseph Bird, Hattie Williamson.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office.

WM. H. CHADBOURN,
Postmaster.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—6 casks spirits turpentine, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—42 casks spirits turpentine, 71 barrels rosin, 36 barrels tar, 16 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—30 casks spirits turpentine, 31 barrels rosin, 38 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—7 casks spirits turpentine, 4 barrels rosin.

Schooner Leah—29 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—Spirits turpentine, 85 casks; rosin, 106 barrels; tar, 74 barrels; crude turpentine, 47 barrels.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

WILMINGTON POSTOFFICE.

Cause of Postmaster Chadbourn's Downfall—Deception and Fraud Alleged. Miss Darby's Appointment.

[*Special to Raleigh Post*]

WASHINGTON, August 8.—Miss Mary C. Darby, the new postmaster at Wilmington, is as a cord that binds Governor Russell to Senator Pritchard. These two political factors in Republican politics in the Old North State, long separated, have been drawn together by a woman. She is the olive branch that is to unite them and hold them together in the future. It all came about in this way as explained to-day at the Postoffice Department:

Former Postmaster Chadbourn overreached himself. He longed for an increase of salary. He was getting $2,900 per year, but wanted $3,000. The extra $100 was the cause of his undoing. To raise the office to the first-class the sale of stamps, upon which basis the salary of the postoffice up to a certain point is fixed, must be increased. Mr. Chadbourn, according to the inspector's report, proceeded to increase the sales. He had his clerks prior to July 1st buy $1,000 or more of stamps. Upon the basis of sales for the fiscal year ended June 30th, 1899, the salary for the next year was to be adjusted. Upon the sales Wilmington became a first class office, the only one in North Carolina, with a salary of $3,000. This fact was announced in these dispatches. Hardly had the official announcement been made before Mr. Chadbourn's sale of stamps decreased. The $1,000 of stamps which he had purchased were being sold and he was turning the money into his own pocket or reimbursing himself. Of course this action decreased the legitimate sale of stamps. The discrepancy was noticed at the department, inspectors were sent to Wilmington, the facts as related proven and Mr. Chadbourn's removal decided upon.

Senator Pritchard was notified. He always is when a vacancy occurs or is likely to occru in a Federal office in North Carolina.

This was about the time that Senator Pritchard visited Raleigh and was entertained by Governor Russell. The two had almost drifted apart because Governor Russell fought Judge Ewart's confirmation last winter. But Judge Ewart was in and Senator Pritchard is too good a politician to bear grudges very long. Here was a chance to do the handsome thing. Wilmington was Russell's home town and it was but natural that he should be consulted. Senator Pritchard, so the story goes, offered to have appointed as postmaster at Wilmington any one Governor Russell would name. He named French, but in some way the matter leaked out and a howl was raised that reached the White House. The President did not want any more trouble at Wilmington. He rather inclines to placate rather than be obstinate and use power. So he informed Pritchard and the latter notified Russell.

That was the situation when the President left for New York State.

In the meantime candidates were rising up like mushrooms, and Senator Pritchard telegraphed here his and Governor Russell's endorsement of Miss Darby, to end the matter abruptly.

It is stated that the deception and fraud that raised the salary of the office to $3,000 will avail nothing, as the salary will be reduced to $2,900.

So Mr. Chadbourn in reaching after more lost his official head, united Senator Pritchard and Governor Russell with a love-knot, and gave to Wilmington her first woman postmaster.

DIED.

FLANAGAN—At the residence of her brother, Edward Glavin, 410 North Third street, Wednesday evening, August 9th, 1899, Mrs. TEREANCE FLANAGAN, aged 65 years.

Funeral from her late residence this (Thursday) morning at 10.15 o'clock; to St. Thomas, Catholic Church, thence to Oakdale Cemetery. *

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED—An active reliable man to sell

Teas, Coffees, Spices, Extracts and Baking Powder, to consumers in Wilmington, N. C., and vicinity. Address,
GRAND UNION TEA CO.,
S. W. corner Eutaw and Lexington streets, Baltimore, Md. aug 10 1t

Photographic Bargains. In order to start

my business again, I will from August 1st to 15th, inclusive, make the best Cabinet Photographs for $2.50 per dozen. Regular $3.50 16x20 frames, $1.50 each. Cash at sitting.
jy 11 1m U. C. ELLIS, 114 Market St.

FOR RENT from October 1st, that very desirable store

Now occupied by The Fishblate Clothing Company. Apply to
DONALD MACRAE,
jy 23 tf tu th Bell 'Phone 347

At The Unlucky. SPEAKING of Tea.

I am selling a blended Tea for that beats the world and cannot be replaced for 40c. **35c**

Try it.

Don't you love Stuffed Mango Pickles? We have them, and my, don't they taste good.

A rasher of Bacon, cut from one of our delicious "Harvey" Strips, will make your mouth water. So crisp and delicate.

My 'Phones are 109.

S. W. SANDERS.
jy 18 tf

Carolina Beach and Southport Schedule.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 6TH, BOAT LEAVES FOR CAROLINA BEACH,

6 and 9.15 A. M., 3, 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. Train leaves Beach, 7 A. M.; 1, 3.45, 6 and 8.30 P. M. No 7.30 P. M. boat from Wilmington and no 8.30 P. M. boat from Beach on Mondays.

Fare to pier and return on 5 15 and 7.30 P. M. boats, 15c.

Leaves Sunday, 10 A. M., 2.30 P. M. and 7.30 P. M. Leaves Beach, 12 30, 6 and 8.30 P. M.

FOR SOUTHPORT,

boat leaves 9.15 and 10.15 A. M., and 3 P. M. Leaves Southport, 6.30 A. M., 12 M., 2.30 P. M.

Freight for Southport received only on 9.15 boat.
je 6 tf J. W. HARPER, Manager.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR HOME BEER.

Pure and Mild. Ask for Wiener Export and take no other. Best in town.

Home Brewing Co.,
RICHMOND, VA.

Wilmington Branch,

DAVID CONNELL,
Manager.
jy 9 tf 114 North Water street

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Get Coupons and Begin Now. A Useful Household Present For You!

Look in our Window.

Same place—115 Princess Street.
P. S.—

WE SELL SHOES.

MERCER & EVANS.
aug 6 tf

We Can and Will

We Can

Sell you goods in our line of best quality and we can make prices much lower than some would-be competitors, and we guarantee full satisfaction.

We Will

Give you such odds as will enable you to increase your business if you offer them to the consumer—instead of trying to meet some low quality and price competitor. Far-seeing merchants don't practice this short sighted policy. We sell

Winchester Hams and Picnics. Squire's Pig Bellies, "Seal" brand Leaf Lard and all kinds Canned Meats.

WE ARE OVERRUN WITH ORDERS FOR

"Cuban Blossom"..... 5c Cigar
"Santa Bana,"..... 5c Cigar
"El Capitan General"....10c Cigar

We carry all brands Cheroots and Cigarettes and solicit your enquiries.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN.
jy 2 tf

GERMANIA.

PORTLAND CEMENT,
HOFFMAN ROSINDALE CEMENT,
ANCHOR LINE.

STANDARD BAGGING,
STANDARD TIES.

Virginia Water Ground Meal.

BEST GROCERIES,
BEST PRICES,
BEST TERMS.

THE WORTH CO.
jy 14 tf

S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer,

North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE

FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND.
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE.
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats. September Mullets.

se 1 tf

Have Just Received for Monday's Trade.

FANCY SOFT PEACHES FOR CREAM, FANCY DELAWARE AND NIAGARA GRAPES, FLORIDA PINEAPPLES AND

ALSO A NICE LINE OF CHOCOLATE CANDY

20c to 40c per lb.

TRY A SAMPLE POUND.
'PHONE YOUR ORDERS FOR ICE CREAM.

JNO. W. PLUMMER, Jr.
aug 6 tf

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1899,

the Schedule of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6.30 A. M.	7.45 A. M.
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	3.45 P. M.
5.00 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	10.00 P. M.
SUNDAY.	
10 10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	9.00 P. M.

Every Friday and Saturday night, on account of Club and Hotel dances, the 7.15 P. M train will leave the beach at 11.00 P. M. instead of 10.00.

aug 1 tf R. OSCAR GRANT, Supt.

Bagging and Ties.

3000 Rolls Bagging.
5000 Bundles Cotton Ties.
2000 Bushels Good Milling Corn.
375 Bags Coffee.
65000 Pounds Hoop Iron.
1000 Kegs Nails.

And several car-loads of other Groceries Buyers in my line will do well to get my prices before buying. I can save them money.

D. L. GORE,
Wholesale Grocer,
jy 23 tf Wilmington, N. C.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 10.

ISSUING GOLD CERTIFICATES.

After hemming and hawing over it for some time the United States Treasury has at last decided to issue gold certificates to the amount of $10,000,000 if necessary to help "move the crops." This is the same old story that is repeated every year when the Treasury is called upon to supply the shortage of money necessary to "move the crops," the difference this time being that the Treasury was itself short on paper and had to resort to the expedient of issuing gold certificates. But while that is a relief it doesn't quite meet the demands, for under the law no certificates of a less denomination than $20 can be issued. Referring to the issuing of these gold certificates the Baltimore *Sun*, a gold paper, so decidedly gold that it kicked and refused to support Bryan in the last Presidential election, says:

"The Treasury to-day holds $244,840,530 of gold over and above the gold held on account of gold certificates of former issues, or $144,840,530 in excess of the legal gold reserve. A year ago the national banks held $285,000,000 of gold and other banks are supposed to have held as much more. Over $200,000,000 of gold was supposed to be in the hands of the people. Apart from the Treasury holdings the amount of gold in the banks and in the hands of the people in July, 1898, was estimated at about $700,000,000, and there has been a considerable increase in the last twelve months. The trouble about the matter has been that the people are little more disposed to carry gold coin in their pockets than silver dollars, so that the increase of gold did not much enlarge the volume of currency in popular use. The gold standard is preferred as being stable, honest and the accepted standard of the commercial world, but the people are averse to handling coin except for small change. They prefer paper, if it be as good as gold, and will doubtless take kindly to an increased use of gold certificates, which are payable in gold and nothing but gold. From the point of view of the sound money money man, in fact, nothing can be sounder than the gold certificate, which is issued only in exchange for gold and is canceled when the gold is given in exchange for it. The situation would be an ideal one, from the currency reformer's standpoint, if gold dollars could be substituted for the silver dollars that stand behind our vast issue of silver certificates and if each of our $346,000,000 of greenbacks had a gold dollar behind it. So far as Secretary Gage's decision to give the country a paper currency which, dollar for dollar, represents gold coin, it is undoubtedly a move in the right direction. It may be said that the Secretary's action will not relieve the demand for small notes, for the reason that the law restricts the gold certificate to denominations of $20 and over. But it will release for popular use greenbacks and silver certificates of smaller denominations and add at once $10,000,000 or more—according to the demand—of absolutely sound money to the volume of currency available for the growing business of the country."

The issuing of gold certificates is satisfactory to the *Sun* as it doubtless will be to other gold papers, and it is all right as far as it goes, for a gold certificate is better than the gold itself for the ordinary purposes of business, but it does not answer the ordinary purposes of business as well as the silver certificates does, which is in convenient denominations, or as well as the national bank notes do, which are also of convenient denominations.

There is one point in this extract from the *Sun* which is noteworthy, that is where it says that the people prefer paper to either gold or silver provided it is as good as gold, which is a fact, and they prefer paper sometimes when it is not "as good as gold" in the sense the *Sun* uses that phrase. They don't—that is the *people* don't—care whether it is as good as gold—that is convertible into gold—or not as long as it passes current at its face value, and performs the various offices that gold does, buys what they want to buy, pays taxes and discharges debts. While it does this it will be preferred by the people as a circulating medium to either gold or silver. The greenback is an illustration.

While gold has always been a circulating coin to a more or less extent in this country it never was popular. Its value and the consequent size of the coins are against it for common use. The larger coins are inconvenient in ordinary business on account of the trouble in getting them changed, and the smaller are too apt to be mistaken, especially at night, for coins of other metals, and for this reason neither the large nor the small coins will go into general circulation. This eliminates gold as a circulating medium save when it circulates through its representative certificate. But the gold certificate cannot be depended upon as a steady thing, for gold is a speculative metal and coin and when at a premium will not go into the Treasury in exchange for certificates. If this premium should be high enough to send much gold abroad the certificates would be hustled back into the Treasury and that would be the end of them and also if the gold as circulating media. So that the gold certificate is a mere uncertain, temporary makeshift as a circulating medium, not half as good as the silver certificate which accomplishes all the offices of the gold certificate, stays with us, and can be relied upon to do what it is needed to do.

But while the country is dependent upon the U. S. Treasury to supply shortages in the paper currency, it will always be of an uncertain volume, and tardy in meeting the emergencies or the demands of trade, and the national banks will not do it while bonds command such a high premium as to make note issuing unprofitable. There is but one way to fully and satisfactorily meet the requirements of business at all times, in the "crop moving," as well as other seasons, and that is through the agency of State banks of issue which would leave every section to determine its own needs and to provide such a volume of currency as might be needed. This is not what the gold manipulators nor the men who control the big banks of the country want, but this is what must come before the currency problem will be solved.

A FUNNY WAR.

The Philadelphia *Times* quotes the following from a letter of a Pennsylvania soldier in Luzon to his mother:

"This is a very funny war; the Americans take a place and then they leave it for the niggers to come back and take it again."

Upon this the *Times* comments as follows:

"That's just it. A useless expenditure of energy, with sacrifice of brave lives and of valuable treasure, pathetic by reason of the futility of the performance, marked the Otis trail in the jungles of the Luzon. A lamentable trail that the sponsor of a pretentious and inefficient commander, the late Secretary of war, defended until he was driven from the place he discredited by the imperious demand of an outraged public sentiment tardily and reluctantly recognized by President McKinley. Towns have been captured, strongholds broken by the valor of our dauntless soldiery with no other resultant effect than to enable them to be retaken by insurgents, who have been having fun out of an opera bouffe war.

"When the real history of the Filipino insurrection and of the impotent efforts of Alger and his satellites to crush it comes to be written it will make sorry reading for patriotic American, even though it had seemed 'very funny' to the devoted heroes who had placed their lives in the hands of incompetent and pampered leaders.

"A 'very funny war,' so far. But the time is at hand to eject a little serious business into the matter and to end hostilities with semi-barbarous rebels that have outlasted the patience of the American people.

"Call Otis home and put a real general at the head of the forces in the Philippines."

In some respects it is a "funny war," marching up the hill and then marching down again, but there is a good deal in it that isn't funny. For instance: yesterday's dispatches told how Lieutenant Copp, of the Napidan, steamed up and without warning shelled the town of Paete, which was filled with people who had returned to their homes under the assurance that they would not be molested while they peacefully attended to their business. Somebody, it seems, told the Lieutenant that there were some insurgents in the town who meditated mischief, and without making further inquiry he steamed close up to the shore and popped away with his six-pounders at the flying people and the town. One child was killed and many buildings damaged. The dispatch concludes with the statement that "the authorities express great regret on account of the incident."

Perhaps it was "funny" for that Lieutenant to steam up and, without warning, open fire upon people who flew in fright when they saw the boat coming. This is one of the "funny" incidents of which we have had a good many since this war of "benevolent assimilation" was inaugurated.

The *Times* was not thinking of this or similar incidents, but only of the "funny" feature, when it remarked: "When the real history of the Filipino insurrection and of the impotent efforts of Alger and his satellites to crush it comes to be written it will make sorry reading for patriotic Americans." Verily it will; not only sorry reading, but shameful reading, for there has been nothing in it from its inception to the present time, save the gallant and heroic devotion and fighting of our soldiers, that is not calculated to make the patriotic American ashamed of the part his country (or rather the men who temporarily control affairs) has played in this unnecessary and indefensible war.

POVERTY IN LONDON.

London is, as far as wealth and population go, the greatest city in the world, but while it is great and wealthy it also makes an appalling exhibition of poverty, creditable neither to English municipal management nor to English philanthropy. A Parliamentary investigation brings to light the facts, from the census taken eight years ago, that out of a population of $4,500,000, 400,000 people lived in one-room houses; 26,000 were found living six or more in a room; 3,000, eight or more in a room. The condition is worse now. There were then an aggregate of 68,500 persons in the workhouses, and 900,000 living in houses without the breathing space required by law. According to some estimates there are 1,250,000 people (nearly one-third of the total population) in that city living in a condition of "chronic poverty."

And this is the great city of the great country which has gone out to the four corners of the earth as the civilizer and Christianizer, the bearer of "the white man's burden." But the story of poverty isn't confined to England's great cities, and cities that are not so great, for it is in all of them, but extends also to the small rural regions.

An authority on insanity has recently attributed the marked increase in insanity in England to the small pay of laborers, who do not earn wages enough to provide themselves with the food necessary to preserve their health and vigor, from which many of them become both mentally and physically wrecked. What England should do is to drop the black, brown and yellow burden long enough to take some time to look after her own poor who need attention more than the distant savages and semi-savages, who are really in a better condition than Great Britain's poor are.

BOOK NOTICES.

The Overland Monthly for August is an entertaining number, the list of contents being chiefly of a fictional character, nicely illustrated. Published by The Overland Publishing Company, San Francisco, Cal.

The August number of *The Review of Reviews* presents some interesting articles on Porto Rico, the Alaska boundary, education in the South, and others, in addition to the usual departments which are always attractive and valuable. It is well illustrated. Published by The Review of Reviews Co., 13 Astor Place, New York.

Captain Dalton, the famous swimmer, who had in his time saved 278 people from drowning, was drowned near Hog Island, N. Y., Sunday. His family was present on the beach but thought he had simply gone down to show how long he could remain under water. His long disappearance alarmed them, and boats were sent out which recovered the body. In 1890 he swam from Dover to Calais, and was in the water twenty-three and a half hours.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— When the South American States combine to fight this country, they will want something better than a rope of sand to hold them together.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

—— In England they have an income tax as well as an inheritance tax. An expert has figured out that under these tax laws Mr. William W. Aster will have to pay to the Queen's government $50,000 a year tax on his income alone, and that when he dies his estate will have to give up $8,340,000 to the British exchequer. It would seem by this that the Mr. Astor did not save money by becoming a British subject—*Savannah News, Dem.*

—— The international controversy over the five Italians recently lynched at Tallulah, in this State, will now be narrowed down to a question as to the nationality of two the other three having been established by the records of the courts of Madison parish to have been fully naturalized citizens. The Italian Goverment has nothing to do with the lynching of American citizens, whether of African or other foreign descent. Under any circumstances, only two will have to be paid for.—*New Orleans Picayune, Dem.*

—— On October 16, next, Gen. Wm. R. Shafter reaches the retiring age; and he will be retired by the force of law. The talk about continuing him in active service, because of the great deeds and his peculiar talent for doing the country's military work on the Pacific coast, is foolishness. Shafter, at best, is an uncultured, rough man. He was a splendid fighter in his day —and not much else. He is now a back number, played out, and should be laid on the shelf promptly.—*Chattanooga Times, Dem.*

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Jacksonville and Richlands, Jacksonville, August 12-13.
Onslow, Queen's Creek, August 15.
Kenansville, Warsaw, August 19-20.
Clinton, Goshen, August 22.
Burgaw, Burgaw, August 26-27.
Magnolia, Centenary, September 2-3.
Wilmington, Fifth Street, September 10-11.
Southport, September 17-18.
Whiteville, Terro Gordo, September 23-24.
Waccamaw, Old Dock, September 26.
Brunswick, Zion, September 30-October 1.
Wilmington, Market Street, (at night) Oct. 1.
Carver's Creek, Shiloh, October 7-8.
Elizabeth, Singletaries, October 14-15.

R. F. BUMPAS,
Presiding Elder.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Durham *Sun*: While at his work, and without a moment's warning, Mr. W. G. Perry, an employe of the Erwin cotton mill, dropped to the floor thirty minutes after he had gone to work Tuesday morning and died without a struggle. At 6 o'clock he was in good health, so far as his relatives and friends knew; at 6.30 o'clock he was a corpse.

— Greensboro *Record*: Alexander Griffith, living six miles from Winston, father of Solicitor Griffith, of the criminal court of that place, left his home Monday afternoon about three o'clock, minus hat and shoes, and had not been heard from Tuesday morning. Searching parties were out all night. He is sixty years old and has been in poor health for some time. He is a valued citizen of the community. His mind is affected.

— Winston *Sentinel*: A Kernersville man, who works in Winston, tells us of an eccentric family which live near Friendship, Guilford county. The old man and his son own a beautiful horse, which they raised. The animal has not been out of the stable in fifteen years. It has never been shod and its hoofs are unusually long. The owners are proud of the horse, and say they are not going to take him out of the stable until he dies. The old man has a small farm, and he does his hauling and ploughing with one little mule.

— Lexington *Dispatch*: Our people are beginning to awaken to the fact that factories and manufacturing enterprises are a necessity for the life and progressiveness of Lexington. With this end in view a few of our leading business men met together Monday evening, and in less than two hours time a company with a capital stock of $10,000 had been organized for the manufacture of furniture. —— Mr. F. M. Raker has a radish on exhibition at Smith's drug store, which was grown in his garden, that weighs five pounds, is nineteen inches long and eighteen inches in circumference.

— Lumberton *Robesonian*: Miss Janie Ivey, of Sterlings township, dropped dead Thursday morning. She was apparently in good health, had eaten a hearty breakfast and at the time of her death was at the tobacco barn of Henry Barding, near Orrum, helping prepare tobacco for curing. ——Four negro boys, from 13 to 15 years of age, were put in jail last week. One of them is charged with an assault upon a little white girl 8 years old; no others are charged with cruelty to animals, and the fourth is charged with larceny. The latter, it is said, is wanted in Cumberland county for putting dynamite on the railroad.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: State Treasurer Worth has received a telegram from the American Bank Note Company, saying that a proof of the State bonds to be sold on August 16th has been sent. It will probably arrive here to-day. There will, therefore, be no delay in delivery of the bonds, as when the $100,000 issue was sold several months ago. —— Dr. Cooper Curtice, veterinarian of the State Agricultural Department, yesterday returned to the city from a tour of inspection of nurseries in the west. He found no nurseries infected by the San Jose scale, but he found other pests in some of the orchards he examined.

TWINKLINGS.

— "Josephine, isn't it dreadful to be fifty years old?" "No; not unless you let people know it."

— "That's a queer family next door." "Why do you say so?" "They own a $50 dog and have to borrow our flatirons."

— Don't blame a witness for having no memory when testifying before twelve men who have no opinions.—*Chicago News.*

— "They say our pitcher wuz hammered to-day, Larry?" "Yis, but wae got aven. Dinny." "How?" "Wae hammered th' umpire."

— "Have you read much this Summer, Mrs. Tromper?" "Yes, I read a book through nearly every day while waiting at my dressmaker's."

— Perkins—"Wallis is a financial genius." Jorkin—"Is that so?" Perkins—"Yes. He can make money faster than his wife can spend it."—*Life.*

— "My husband and I never take trips together in Summer." "Why not?" "If we did we wouldn't have anything to tell each other when we got home."

— She—"Do you really and truly love me, Arthur?" He—"Yes, really and truly. You may ask what proof you will, dearest—not exceeding $20."—*Heltere Welt.*

— Tommy—"Papa, what is the difference between obstinacy and firmness?" Papa—"Its the difference between your mother and myself, my son."—*New York Journal.*

— The Conspirators: The Doctor—"Shall I insist upon you going to Europe?" Mrs. Highblower—"Yes, doctor; but please dont send in your bill till after we come back."—*Judge.*

— "Well, my little man," said a sanitarium visitor to a bright 4-year-old who was playing in the park, "I suppose you are one of the fresh air beneficiaries?" "Yes'm, guess so," he replied, and then added: "But I'm not so awful fresh."

— "Yes, sir, I have always felt that my legislative career was a dead failure." "Why so?" "Just because the party I represented was so overwhelmingly strong in the Legislature that a single vote was worth little or nothing."—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— "I should like some evidence, young man, that your intentions are serious," said the old gentleman. "Evidence!" exclaimed the youth. "Haven't I bought three boxes of candy at 60 cents a pound, two matinee tickets and six plates of ice cream in less than two weeks? How much evidence do you expect from a man in moderate circumstances?"—*Chicago Post.*

Some Tennessee Riflemen.

A yarn is told in Manila, and it concerns the prison and two Tennessee volunteers. A Filipino convict had climbed the prison wall and was running for dear life through the open. Two long legged Tennesseans were on guard duty. They knelt to fire.

"I don't guess it's more than 300 yards," said one quietly.

"I reckon it's most 500," said the other, as if he were discussing the weather.

The prisoner was running like a deer and rapidly approaching the undergrowth around innumerable little huts, where he would be safe.

"Call it 400," suggested the first Tennesseean in a conciliatory tone.

They adjusted their sights, aimed and fired. The escaping convict fell, and the two Tennesseeans went out to bring in what was left of him.

"If he's hit in the head, it's my shot," said one.

"I aimed low, acco'din to a'my regulations," drawled the other.

The convict was found with one bullet through the back of his head and another through the lower end of his spine. They know how to shoot in the mountains of Tennessee.—Harper's Weekly.

A CURIOUS MYSTERY.

INDIAN POISONS THAT PUZZLE OUR MEN OF SCIENCE.

A Concoction That Takes a Year to Finish Its Deadly Work and Against Which There Is No Remedy—A Poison That Paralyzes.

"I venture to say that no poisons known to science the world over can compare in their effects with the deadly mixtures used by the conjurers, or medicine men, of the Cree and Salteaux tribes of Indians away up in the northwest region of British Columbia," says Dr. James Melden of Manitoba.

"These tribes," he said, "live in that vast, wild region from 700 to 1,000 miles north of Winnipeg, just on the border of Eskimo land. They are the last tribes to be met with before the Eskimos are reached, and they get along very amicably with them, as hunting ground demarcations are mutually understood and respected. No doubt the extreme rigor of the climate accounts for it, but they are conspicuously peaceful for redskins and perform almost incredible feats of endurance. I have known 'bucks' of these tribes to run ahead of a dog sled as guides for over 100 miles. But, for all they have such amiable dispositions, just let one of them get his anger or spirit of revenge aroused through jealousy or envy, and the victim of his wrath meets a death more horrible than the tortures of the Inquisition by the use of these mysterious, baffling poisons. The modus operandi is simple enough. He takes his case to one of the conjurers of the tribe—for the same custom prevails among both the Crees and the Salteaux—who undertakes the job of removing the objectionable 'buck.' The conjurer then starts off into the dense forests alone and gathers a collection of barks and herbs unknown to botanists. With these he returns to his wigwam and brews the destructive mixture that does the business.

"Now for the peculiar way in which it works," the doctor continued. "I want to say, by way of parenthesis, that these tribes never go on the warpath. They make no use of tomahawk or scalping knife. They never resort to the popular redskin method of removing an enemy by shooting him down from ambush. Poison is their sole recipe for settling scores. Fortified, then, with his potent drug, the man who is out for vengeance manages to have it administered to his doomed foe in his food. It may be months before the effects are visible. At whatever time of the year the poison is taken it never begins to operate before spring. Here is one of the most amazing features. The first sign is the appearance of sores on the body, and especially on the face, of the victim. In the course of a month or so these would, apparently, dry up and be followed by scales. But that is merely the seeming calm before the storm, for in the course of a few months more, during which the poor buck suffers indescribable tortures, these scales drop off, and in their place great tufts of hair spring up. The last stage before death follows in its most agonizing form, far worse than the tortures from prussic acid and a great deal more prolonged.

"I remember well," resumed the narrator, "how we had heard of these Indian poisons in a vague way for some time in our country; but, knowing the medical books contained nothing of that sort under the head of toxicology, we put the whole thing aside as a yarn. We were rudely aroused one day from this infidelity by the appearance among us of a buck about 40 years old who had been under his enemy's poison. He was in the earlier stages before the scales formed. As he was a man of wonderful strength and superb physique, it was hoped by a missionary who had lived for many years with these tribes that the victim's life might be saved if he could reach civilization and get the benefit of professional skill. So he had brought him, like a good Samaritan, over that vast Sahara of snow and ice and put him in our hands.

"Here at last was flesh and blood proof of the poisons we had laughed out of court as impossible, and we lost no time in deciding to cure him. No mortal was ever more carefully watched and dosed than that redskin. We tried every antidote known to materia medica, both simple and compound, but the poison turned around and laughed us out of court, securing a double revenge. Nothing we administered could stop the slow but deadly work of the Indian mixture. The giant buck went through all the stages I have described, until the most excruciating death put an end to his miseries. All our science was bound hand and foot, utterly helpless in the presence of this curious, fatal brew of an Indian conjurer.

"We know nothing and can learn nothing," he went on to say, "of the herbs that enter into this mixture. This poison mystery has long been kept a secret among the conjurers of those two tribes. They are always few in number and exercise the greatest caution in transmitting it to those who come after them. They require a long and severe training on the part of any buck who feels inspired to enter the conjurers' mystic circle. So severe is the preliminary training that few are able to pass through it successfully. As the brewing of these deadly mixtures is the conjurers' chief occupation they form a sort of college of poison.

"But," Dr. Melden continued, "there's still another branch of this Indian mystery quite as baffling as the one I've told. These tribes have wonderful powers of endurance and make great boasts of their running qualities. In this there is the fiercest professional rivalry—worse than anything among the theater folks—and when a certain buck is outclassed he generally hunts up the conjurer for a modified form of revenge. He doesn't care to kill his rival. It will satisfy him to have him crippled and placed out of the race. The conjurer is ready for business on that basis, too, and gives his caller a brew that makes short work of the objectionably rapid buck. Sometimes these drugs will paralyze the legs of the victim and have no other effect whatever. At other times they will so stiffen his limbs that he practically hobbles about on a pair of wooden legs. Altogether it is the most curious poison mystery in the world, more than ever curious among tribes that know nothing at all of intoxicating beverages and never brew any sort of intoxicating stimulant."—New York Times.

It Didn't Work.

Magistrate (to prisoner)—You were caught in the act of opening a bedroom window.

Prisoner—Yes, your worship. I believe in hygiene, and I was only going to open the window an inch or two for the benefit of the occupant's health. It's frightfully unhealthy to sleep with your bedroom window completely shut up, your worship!

But the excuse availed him not.

Tortoise Shell.

The finest tortoise shell comes from the Indian archipelago and is shipped from Singapore, and much of it is obtained on the Florida coast of America. There are three rows of plates on the back, called "blades" by the fishermen. In the central row are five plates and in each of the others four plates, the latter containing the best material. Besides these, there are 25 small plates round the edges of the shell, known as "feet" or "noses."

The biggest turtle does not furnish more than 14 pounds of tortoise shell. Formerly the undershell was thrown away, being considered worthless, but at present it is very highly valued for its delicacy of coloring. Nowadays a very beautiful imitation of tortoise shell is made of cows' horns.

Rare Books on America.

Lenox library of New York has the most remarkable collection of books on America in the world. This library contains all books on America from the fourteenth, sixteenth and seventeenth centuries and the first half of the eighteenth. The editions are complete, embracing all those in Spanish, Portuguese, Dutch, Italian, French, Latin and English. The Spanish manuscripts pertaining to America are numerous and valuable.

The Harp In Wales.

The harp has almost died out of Wales, but less than 20 years ago all the principal hotels kept a proficient harpest, whose duty it was to play for the amusement of visitors. The innkeeper who failed to provide this form of entertainment for his guests could not hope to compete with his fellows.

AN IMPRESSIVE SPEECH.

How an Opponent of Henry Clay Stopped a Monument Project.

A Kentuckian who has seen a good many years of active, busy life told the other day a story of an event which he witnessed a long while ago and which he had never forgotten: "My father, hearing the news of Henry Clay's death, had taken me from our home in Boyle county to Lexington. Hundreds of other Blue Grass farmers had also come post haste upon receipt of the sad intelligence. A monster meeting was being held at the old courthouse to take action for the building of a splendid monument to the memory of the great commoner. There was grief upon every face. Speech after speech had been made. One citizen after another had pledged himself to subscribe for a monument fund. Suddenly the cry went up for Marshall to speak. Old Tom Marshall was one of Clay's greatest political enemies, but, like every Kentuckian, he had a deep admiration for 'Harry of the West.' 'Marshall, Marshall, Marshall!' the crowd kept calling.

"My father was on the platform, and I stood near, behind his chair, peeping over at the sorrowful assemblage with wide open eyes. As I looked a man began to rise or rather to unfold himself from the seat in which he had been doubled up, sucking the head of a cane. To me, as he straightened out, he seemed the longest man I had ever seen. A hoarse cheer ran through the crowd. It was Marshall. He raised his arm, and, as silence fell upon the multitude, he spoke in a deep, rolling voice. Young as I was I realize that this was almost a history making moment for our state, and so deep was the impress upon my mind I have never forgotten his words.

"'The friends of Mister Clay,' he said, 'have asked that I speak upon this sad occasion. Men of Kentucky,' and his voice fairly rang, 'the man who lies dead today needs no monument. He wants no shaft of carved stone to commemorate his deeds. As long as hearts throb the sweet memory of Henry Clay will live and breathe in Kentucky.'

"That was all. He slowly doubled up again. And the crowd dispersed, and everybody went home. There were no more speakers. And for the time there was no more talk of a monument to Henry Clay."—Pittsburg Dispatch

Can You Blame Her?

It was raining when the fair young caller prepared to leave

"We have only two umbrellas," said the hostess, "and I am sorry to say the boys have been playing pranks with them. That one hanging up has painted on the cover in big letters, 'Kiss Me!' and the one standing in the corner has painted, 'This Is a Stolen Umbrella!' You can take your choice of them."

"Well," said the fair young caller without a moment's hesitation, "I don't want people to think I'm a thief."—Chicago Tribune

Unexplored Territory.

Throughout the entire world there are about 20,000,000 square miles of unexplored territory. In Africa there are 6,500,000 square miles; arctic regions, 3,600,000; antarctic regions, 5,300,000; America, 2,000,000; Australia, 2,000,000; Asia, 200,000, and various islands, 900,000.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged. The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	13½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	6¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	7½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½@	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 25	@	1 35
New New York, each		@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	25	@	30
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	47	@	47½
Virginia Meal	47	@	47½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 00
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10½@	@	11½
Dairy Cream		@	13
State		@	10½
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	10	@	12½
Rio	7	@	8
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 lbs		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	8	@	9
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	14 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 60	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice		@	3 50
Straights	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	11	@	13
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	52	@	52½
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	52
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	65	@	75
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint	10	@	12½
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	85	@	90
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	80	@	85
Western	80	@	85
North River	80	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	2¾
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	6½
North Carolina	7	@	8
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15100
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	6 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	23	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	25	@	30
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 00	@	2 10
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 50
Prime		@	10 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	67½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5⅝@	@	5⅝
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C	5	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3¼@4	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, r℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Palme		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 50	@	5100
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6100
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5100
" Sap	4 00	@	5 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1100	@	2 00
North Carolina	1100	@	00
WOOL per ℔—Unwashed	15	@	17

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Aug. 10, 1899.

SCHOONERS.

Nellie Floyd, 435 tons, Nelson, Heide & Co.

Cora C Meader, 141 tons, Meader, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Frank S Hall, 152 tons, Moore, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Bianca Aspacia (It) 451 tons, Paoletta, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BRIGS.

Carrie L Tyler, Jones, Navassa Guano Co.

BARGES.

Maria Dolores, 610 tons, Bonneau. Powers, Gibbs & Co.

A MODEL HOUSE

Is kept in model order by a model housewife—she cleans the dishes and kitchen utensils, cleans the floors and windows, cleans everything cleanable with

GOLD DUST
Washing Powder

This famous cleanser quickly removes dirt or grease. It makes everything shine like new. It does the work in half the time, with half the labor and at half the cost of soap or any other cleanser.

For greatest economy buy our large package.

The N. K. Fairbank Company

CHICAGO ST. LOUIS NEW YORK BOSTON

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 9.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 47 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 46½ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 90 cents per bbl for Strained and 95 cents for Good Strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.70 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.35 per barrel for Hard, $2.10 for Dip and $2.20 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine steady at 25¾@25¼c; rosin firm at $1.00@1.05c; tar firm at $1.05; crude turpentine firm at $1.00@1.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	85
Rosin	106
Tar	74
Crude Turpentine	47

Receipts same day last year.—104 casks spirits turp

BUSINESS LOCALS

IN "THE MORNING STAR"

COST BUT A CENT A WORD.

NO AD. FOR LESS THAN 20c.

HAVE YOU LOST ANYTHING?
HAVE YOU FOUND ANYTHING?
WANT TO SELL A HOUSE?
WANT TO RENT A HOUSE?
NEED A COOK?
WANT A NURSE?
WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?

WANT TO BUY OR SELL A COW OR HORSE?
DO YOU WISH TO SELL A FARM?
DO YOU WISH TO BUY A FARM?
DO YOU WANT A WIFE?

Do You Want Anything?

A Cent a Word is a Mere Trifle for An Advertisement.
The Price is so Low That You Can Afford to Detail Your Needs in Print, and Save Correspondence.

Try "The Morning Star."

Guaranteed Circulation Larger Than That of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

The Murchison National Bank,

With Capital $200,000, furnishes its customers with the best facilities at all times, because in watching their interests it is serving its own.

No philanthropy about it,

It's Business.

Foreign Exchange, Letters of Credit, or anything in the banking line.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

jy 22 tf

THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WITH ASSETS OF OVER

One Million Dollars,

OFFERS ABSOLUTE SECURITY TO DEPOSITORS.

CUSTOMERS' NEEDS PROMPTLY AND INTELLIGENTLY ATTENDED TO.

POLITE AND COURTEOUS ATTENTION GUARANTEED TO EVERY PATRON.

ACCOUNTS BOTH LARGE AND SMALL SOLICITED.

J. W. NORWOOD, President.
LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.

jy 29 tf

Mortgage Sale.

NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

By virtue of the provisions of a certain deed of mortgage made and executed by Prince C. Nixon and Gracie Ann Nixon to the Trustees of the Cape Fear Fire Engine Company No. 3 of the City of Wilmington, duly recorded in book 34, pages 537 et seq. of the records of New Hanover county, which was for value assigned to the undersigned on the 8th day of January, 1898, the undersigned assignee of said mortgage, will expose for sale on Friday the 8th day of September, 1899, at the Court House door of the county of New Hanover, in Wilmington, at 12 o'clock M., for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described property in said deed of mortgage.

1st Lot. Beginning at a point in the eastern line of 12th street 132 feet south from its intersection with the southern line of Wooster street and running thence southwardly along the said western line of 12th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet, thence north and parallel with 12th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 3, Block 23.

2nd Lot. Beginning at the southeastern intersection of 14th and Chesnut streets, and running thence east along the southern line of Chesnut street 165 feet, thence south parallel with 14th street 66 feet, thence west parallel with Chesnut street 165 feet to the eastern line of 13th street, and thence north along said line of said street 66 feet to the beginning.

Dated this 5th day of August, 1899.

CHARITY HENRY.
By John D. Bellamy, Attorney. au 8 30t

BATHING CAPS.

Fresh Stock.

JAS. D. NUTT,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist.

Je 20 tf Wilmington, N. C

Our New Quarters.

Being now comfortably fixed in our new location, No. 7 South Front street, we are prepared to do all work in our line in a satisfactory manner. Our Barber Shop is first-cass in every respect. ED. GUION,

jy 25 tf CORNELIUS DAVIS.

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

"Sailor's Sweetheart," with the title blazing out that whoever ran might read.

When he reached the lobby, he found the captain surrounded by other officers and deep in the discussion of a newly received order. "Keep it," he called, waving his hand to the flaming volume. "Read it. The heroine's just the kind of a girl I've picked out for you, Jack. I'll introduce you tonight. She's gone to meet my wife at the city station."

Jack saluted, laughing, and strolled on out of the hotel, carrying the book. The city trolley was waiting outside. A company of sick soldiers from a transport which had just come to the dock were being lifted aboard the cars, and he stepped in, helping a man who had thought he could cross the dock alone. The car started and moved to a point opposite the post hospital, where the sick were taken off, and Jack boarded it again for the wind swept ten mile run to the city. The "Sailor's Sweetheart" held him in her toils.

"She don't exist in this generation," he sighed, tucking it into his blouse as they gained the city. "I wonder who the old man's set his heart on. He's too susceptible, is the cap'n. I guess I'll fall off here and go to the shipyard."

Another passenger came on and took the place directly behind him. It was the young lady who had sat at the table opposite in the hotel. He felt her eyes fall on the "Sailor's Sweetheart" and heard her clear her throat softly. He knew that a laugh had choked her, and he felt a sudden desire to fling the book aside, but it was the captain's. He wished she could see the captain's name on the cover. He did not wish her to gauge his literary taste by the thing in his hand. He wished the captain had not sent him up for it. Still he retained enough interest to turn the page, and he was only recalled to his immediate surroundings when an old lady who had come in and settled herself beside the girl behind him leaned over his shoulder and said:

"Young man, will you lower this shade? The sun is coming in my eyes."

When he had complied, she said, "Thank you," and before he was fairly seated she added to the girl, who was plainly a stranger to her, "He's got a real nice manner for a sailor."

The girl's voice said politely, "Yes?" Jack thrilled with gratitude at its little touch of irony. The old lady went on:

"These sailors are such a brutal class of men. Now when this young fellow gets to be 35 I dare say he'll be a drunken beast like they all are, though his face is real intelligent, don't you think?"

A flush that he could not control crept from Jack Buckley's bare throat to his ears, and he shut his teeth together. The girl's voice was so low that he could hardly catch her words.

"I'm sorry you have had such a bad experience of sailors," she said. "Have many of the men of your family followed the sea?"

"The men of my family have all been gentlemen," retorted the older voice in a highly indignant key. "I should sooner have my son turn pickpocket than go to sea and drink and beat his wife and blaspheme as these men do."

"I am glad you don't add stealing to their vices," said the girl, and again Jack fancied a ring of good humored sarcasm in her voice. "It shows that you really understand sailors. If an officer locks his chest, he's very likely to have it kicked open. The things inside of it won't be touched, but a sailor will not bear a reflection on his honesty."

Jack turned the leaves of his book and tried to understand the girl. His heart was overwhelmed with gratitude to her, and he ardently desired to strangle the old lady whose sons were gentlemen. The face of his own mother came before him, and he tried to imagine her hearing what the girl was listening to, for the old lady had rambled on. "And I tell you," she said, "a sailor is no better than a dog in the eyes of the captains. I'll warrant there's few captains but what might be hung for murder if the truth were known."

"I'm glad you think there are a few," the girl said dryly.

"But you couldn't name one," cried the old lady, "where you were positive!"

"I think I could," said the girl.

"I suppose you are going to say your gallant Dewey or Sampson or Sigsbee and men like that, whose real early life you know as much about as the papers do."

"I might," she answered; "but I was thinking of my father, whom I know even better than the others, though I've met them all. He doesn't kill his men or beat his wife or get drunk, but I'm afraid if he had been in the place of the sailor in front of us, who, by the way, is my brother, he would have sworn the air blue."

There was a pause in which Jack crushed the "Sailor's Sweetheart" between his hands. He had listened with joy and in delighted belief to the first words of her retort, but when she claimed him as her brother the conviction dropped from everything and left him breathless. The old lady was completely undone, and he triumphed in it with an almost extravagant admiration for the girl's quick daring. Then the old lady found her voice.

"All I can say is that they have brought you up to be a very impolite young lady and very rude to your elders. Conductor, does this car go to Old Point Comfort?"

The car stopped abruptly at the hotel doors, and the girl sprang down from it, but Jack overtook her as she reached the plaza.

"Pardon," he cried; "but you did that up to the hilt, and I want to thank you! I couldn't help overhearing, and—and—why"— He lost his words in the surprise of her haughty withdrawal.

"I am sorry that you overheard," she said. "My father is in the army, and I always defend any service that wears uniform." She inclined her head slightly and passed by him, to be arrested by Captain Whitworth, who came puffing toward her.

"Eh?" he cried. "Mrs. Captain didn't come? Well, come here, you young scamp!" he shouted jovially to Jack. "I want to present you to the sweetest young lady in the service."

He believed in doing things thoroughly, did the captain, and he kept the young people standing together a half hour, although Jack was visibly ill at ease and the girl insisted upon it that she must make her report to the other "Mrs. Captain." The captain and Jack watched her trim figure as it vanished through the wire doors.

"Why didn't you behave your prettiest, you rascal?" cried the captain. "Give me my book, there, and stop curling it into a megaphone! I value that copy, and the story is a bird. I don't understand the young people of this generation. In my day we swore by tales like this, and the heroines we married stood ready to die for us as we proudly, sir, proudly, died for them!"

The first smile that had crossed his lips since the car stopped flitted on Jack's face. There were those in the service who had never considered Captain Whitworth either dead or sleeping. "The heroics are the same today, sir," he said ruefully, "but the rub comes in the last watch. Take this 'Sailor's Sweetheart.' After the heroics the coast's clear and the wind's fair and the hero can lay a straight course for the altar, whereas in reality that's just where the doldrums begin, and it's anything but plain sailing."

The captain only glanced keenly into the clear eyes of the Yosemite reserve and chuckled:

"Make it so!"—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

THE VISITANT.

The wind was blowing o'er frozen sod,
The trees were sighing, and straight from God
Went a message to death to do me wrong;
To do me wrong who had little aright
To break my heart on that one kind night.

But back to the tryst I quickly sped.
With the shield of my body I covered your head,
And the sword that fell fell only on me;
Fell only on me and made a red stain
On the throat you had kissed again and again.

So that is why on these windy nights
I haunt the trees and I watch the lights
And cry to death to make wrong right:
To make wrong right, go back and find
The other dear soul he left behind.

And that is why on the faint pale days
I steal through the garden with quiet ways
To look where your feet and hers have passed,
Where your feet and hers have passed, and see
That love is no more a thing for me.

—Criterion.

A SAILOR'S LOVE.

Jack Buckley of the naval reserves on board the United States steamer Yosemite came ashore in his blues. He could not very well do otherwise, and months of service had accustomed him to them. He had been introduced to ladies when he was as black as a collier and barefooted. Blues, new from collar to trousers hem, were the height of aristocracy, and his neck was so evenly bronzed that it was hard to remember how uncomfortable and uncovered he had felt the first time he had called on a girl in them. He registered at the great hotel alongside the dock and went in to luncheon with a group of navy men in trim white uniform with white braid on the back of their coats to distinguish them from the army. No one paid any attention to Jack's rolling collar, and outside in the hall on the table his Yosemite cap band lay alongside army and navy caps without number. The only alien was a single silk hat from a religious publishing house, whose agent was at the post distributing tracts among the wounded in the hospital. At the table opposite the one where Jack seated himself a young lady was talking eagerly to the wife of one of the captains. She looked across at Jack once, as if she were speaking of him, and when he caught her glance she turned quickly to look out of the window at her side. A few lengths from the pavilion the gray Yosemite lay basking in the molten sunshine. The bugler on board of her was sounding yacht call. "Tra-la-la," "tra-la-la!" came over the water in the exquisite cadence which water gives. There was a pause in the talk at the officers' table, and Jack distinctly heard the girl say:

"Because it exposes you to so much vulgar curiosity. People will go up and speak to a man in uniform when they wouldn't dare to annoy a civilian."

"That's a fact," said the ensign at Jack's table in a low tone. "I've had people come to me and ask me what my pay was."

The flag lieutenant laughed a big, jovial ha-ha and wiped his mustache. "You ought to have heard an old lady who came aboard when we were drydocked and browbeat me for cruelty to my men. I told her I wasn't the man she was looking for, and I turned her over to Captain Whitworth with my compliments. Gad, but he wouldn't talk to me for two days, and then his remarks were squally, eh, captain?"

"There were only two black sheep in my native town," said the ensign pensively—"me and a chap who joined the marine service. I got a leave the other day and went home, and as I was walking across the common the colors were being lowered. I stood there, and when it was over I saluted and went on about my business, but half the town was gathered about me with its mouth open."

The girl at the opposite table left the dining room while they talked, and in a moment the men put their chairs back.

"Jackie," said Captain Whitworth, putting his hand on the tall shoulder—the captain was a little man—"Jackie, you go up to my room and get a book in yellow covers that's lying on the table. It's called 'A Sailor's Sweetheart,' and it's all right. Maybe I'll let you read it when I've finished it, but you must be sure to return it." And the little man sat down to smoke in one of the big chairs in the lobby while Jack went up to his room. Jack could remember Captain Whitworth 15 years before, when he had brought the wonderful books which Jack devoured in the hayloft behind the stables and got his taste for seafaring.

He smiled as his eyes fell on the familiar yellow covers and the bold black title and the captain's name in ink across the top. Jack looked inside as he started down stairs. It was one of those tales in which the heroine faces the villain with flashing eyes and says:

"You are deceiving yourself if you think to gain any advantage by making these false accusations. I am no longer a credulous girl to be influenced by such as you. I am a woman! More than that—I am at this moment a desperate woman, for I see the peril that threatens the man I love and for whom, if I cannot save him, I can at least die. The bullet which old Buck intends for Harry's heart must first pierce mine!"

Jack closed the volume and hugged it lovingly, almost ecstatically to his heart. It carried him back to the hayloft and his boy days. "She's the kind of a girl I'm looking for," he declared to himself as he went down in the elevator holding the

COUNTY BOUNDARIES.

The Peculiar Zigzag Lines Between Two States and the Cause.

If you will look on the map of New England, you will see two curious irregularities in the dividing line between Massachusetts and Connecticut. One of them is in Granby township, a little northwest of Hartford, and the other in Enfield township, on the Connecticut river, south of Springfield. It is a standing conundrum why, so long as the boundary is imaginary, they did not make it straight instead of crooked. But thereby hangs a tale.

Those two little jogs on the map are monuments to human obstinacy and to the persistency which is one of the chief traits of the Yankee character. The ancestors of the farmers who own those little spots of ground preferred to live in Massachusetts rather than in Connecticut and fought for their preference until they had their way.

The controversy began in 1713 and continued for 113 years before it was finally decided. In 1724 the question was appealed to England, but the government was so much engrossed in the Seven Years' war that it was never brought to the attention of the crown. Up to the outbreak of the Revolution both states continued to levy taxes and send notices of fast day and elections to the farmers who occupied the land, and there is no record of how they avoided one or whether they paid both. Later, however, they voted and paid taxes in Massachusetts only, notwithstanding the protest of the county authorities in Connecticut. In 1793, after peace was restored, both states appointed commissioners, but the dispute was carried on until 1804, when a compromise was reached. There were several similar disputes between the two states besides those which now appear upon the map, and an agreement was reached by which Massachusetts consented to surrender her claim to a strip of territory in Woodstock and Suffield townships provided Connecticut would yield her claims to the other tracts in dispute. No action, however, was taken upon the report.

In 1810 the controversy was revived by some legal proceeding, and another commission was appointed, but if it ever reached a conclusion there is no record to be found. In 1820 a third commission was intrusted with the settlement, and after two years they decided upon the present boundary line, which was adopted by the legislature of both states.—Chicago Record.

Unofficial Railroad Inspectors.

Quite frequently conductors will notice a good looking, well dressed man riding on the little seat at the end of a common coach or in some part of a rear Pullman, where he can look over the road. He never takes his eyes from the track and the roadbed and makes copious notes on a paper pad with a lead pencil. There are a number of such men traveling all the time, and they are employed as experts by Wall street financiers to look over and make reports on the physical condition and the equipment of certain roads It is surprising what a great fund of useful, practical and accurate information these men can turn in after a month's trip through the states.—Pittsburg Post

The Pugnacious Sparrow.

The English sparrow (Passer domesticus, or common house sparrow) is the champion lightweight of the feathered species. Indeed Professor Palmer says, "We do not know any bird or animal enemy which will do the English sparrow much real hurt." They are also the champion breeders, a single pair being able to rear 24 young in one year.

New Bank Policy.

The Chicago banks have recently adopted the policy of charging $1 a month to customers to keep a running deposit account of not more than $300. The small accounts are said to be unprofitable to banks as a rule, but the new Chicago policy of imposing a tax on them is exceptional.

Woman's Severest Trial.

Until recent years woman's severest trial has been the bringing of children into the world.

Today nearly all the sickness, pain, discomfort and dread are avoided by those expectant mothers who use **Mother's Friend**, that wonderful liniment made famous by the great good it has done. It is used externally. That is the only sensible and safe way to relieve morning sickness, headache, tightness, swollen, hard or rising breast. The bearing of children need no longer be dreaded. Mother's Friend has been called a Godsend by mothers all over this land. Sold at drug stores for $1 a bottle, and by

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ONEIDA.....Saturday, Aug. 5
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ONEIDA .....Tuesday, Aug. 1
NEW YORK.....Tuesday, Aug. 8

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Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M.- Laurinburg 6:32 P. M., Hamlet 6:59 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:35 P. M., and Atlanta 5:20 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 6:45A. M. Wadesboro 6:51 A. M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:52 A. M., Raleigh 11:13 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:20 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 408—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:38 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M.,Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 408—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Shelby 11.37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:20 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M., Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:18 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 3:00 A. M., Weldon 4:35 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

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L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent,
General Offices Portsmouth Va. Ja 10 tf

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 10 a m
3 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 28 p m
3 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 42 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 25 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 19 p m
10 36 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 18 p m
8 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 54.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 55.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville Lv	4 33 p m

No 46		No. 47.

South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 35 a m
2 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 35 a m
1 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railrord, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect July 31, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.45 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11.32 A. M., Goldsboro 12.20 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 5.21 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., +Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.48 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., +Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., +Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.33 A. M., Washington 7.01 a. m., Baltimore 8.33 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonvill 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P M — No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.38 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.37 P. M., Columbia 10.30 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P M — No. 42—Passenger—Leave Boston *1.03 P. M., New York *9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 Light, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 3.46 P M., Richmond 7.30 P M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., +Norfolk 2.30 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., +Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 1.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.25 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. — N . 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.03 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington, 9.00 A. M. arrives Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M. Returning leaves Sanford 2.30 P. M., arrives Fayetteville 3.45 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 3.50 P. M., arrives Wilmington 6.50 P. M.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9.53 A. M., Hope Mills 10.42 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton, 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.35 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 3.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.35 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.35 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.32 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 3.50 P. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.09 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 A. M., Dillon 10.36 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.20 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.38 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 7.13 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Aartsville 9.15 P. M. Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 9.35 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P.M.; arrive Darlington 8.30 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.39 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.07 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11.14 P. M., arrive Selma 2.50 P. M. 11.57 P. M., Smithfield 3.02 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 1.06 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.54 A. M., Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., 9.40 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.52 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 11.31 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta R. R. trains leave Sumter 4.39 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.12 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.13 P. M., Sumter 6.03 P. M. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.10 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
jy 30 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 9.

To Take Effect Tuesday, Aug. 8, 1899, at 9 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro.....	11 05	.....
.....	4 32	Kinston.....	10 12	.....
5 40	5 50	Newbern.....	8 37	9

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 10.

SECRET SESSION OF THE DREYFUS COURT MARTIAL.

A Public Session Will be Held Saturday. The Dossier Under Consideration. Police Precautions.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

RENNES, FRANCE, August 9.—The secret session of the Dreyfus court martial to-day lasted from 6.30 A. M. until 11.45 A. M. General Chanoine nearly completed his part of the explanation of the dossier. He will be heard to-morrow for about a couple of hours, and then M. Paleologue, of the foreign office, will take up the task, which, it is understood, will be completed Friday next. A public session, therefore, will take place Saturday morning. The dossier consists of about 400 documents, of which fifty were disposed of yesterday.

Several of the documents are written in German. During the proceedings to-day a German dictionary was sent for, and the correspondents here of the Associated Press learn from a sure source that when certain words and expressions could not be exactly understood, even with the aid of the dictionary, Dreyfus, who is a perfect German scholar, volunteered a translation, and was allowed to give explanations which were of valuable assistance to the members of the court.

Police Precautions.

The precautionary police measures to-day were much more stringent than yesterday. Strong detachments of infantry, instead of gendarmes, cordoned the streets leading to the Lycee.

Absolutely, nobody bu police and soldiers were thus within one hundred yards of Dreyfus when he crossed the avenue de La Gare.

The police authorities explained the rigor of these measures on the ground that yesterday a few cries against the prisoner were raised, while he was crossing the avenue. Not a discordant note was heard anywhere to-day.

WEST INDIES HURRICANE.

Great Damage to Property in Porto Rico. Many Buildings at San Juan Destroyed—Several Killed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—Meagre details of the West Indian cyclone began to reach the Navy and War Departments late this afternoon in the shape of the following messages:

"*San Juan de Porto Rico, Aug. 9.*—Adjutant General, Washington—Terrible hurricane; cavalry barracks destroyed; storehouses and other buildings damaged; iron roofing and lumber required.

(Signed) "CLEM."

"*San Juan de Porto Rico, Aug. 9.*—Signal Office, Washington—Cyclone just passing over island; prostrated telegraph and telephone lines; several killed; my quarters wrecked and signal barracks partially demolished; many other public buildings likewise; hundreds of native houses destroyed; centre and south probably fared worse.

(Signed) "GLASSFORD."

The Navy Department late this afternoon received a cable from Capt. Snow, in command of the naval station at San Juan, announcing that the hurricane had destroyed about $2,000 worth of property at the station there.

ST. THOMAS, D. W. I., August 9.—Advices from St. Kitts say that on Monday afternoon a very severe hurricane with a velocity of seventy-two miles, destroyed about two hundred small houses in the town and did considerable damage to the estates. No fatalities were reported.

Antigua also suffered severely in damage to estates and buildings in the towns. There were few fatalities.

Later reports from St. Croix increase the amount of damage done there. Nearly every estate has been wrecked, the large buildings in the towns have been unroofed, stock has been killed and a minimum of eleven deaths has occurred among the laborers.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—Cable communication with the Lesser Antilles has again been restored and reports received to day make it evident that the hurricane centre is probably somewhere to the northward of Santo Domingo or Porto Rico.

FISHING IN BRITISH WATERS.

French Boat Fired Upon by British Torpedo Boat—The Helmsman Killed.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 9.—The British torpedo gunboat Leda found a French boat fishing within the three-mile limit this morning. The fishermen attempted to escape and did not stop when a blank shot was fired. The Leda then fired a shot, disabling the fishing boat and killing the helmsman. The fishing boat was afterwards towed to this port with the helmsman on board of her.

The arrival here of the Etoile de Mor, the fishing boat, caused much excitement, and it is hoped the regrettable incident will draw attention to the serious inroads made by foreign fishermen in British waters. The admiralty express extreme surprise at the fact that the fishing boat disregarded the Leda's signal to heave-to, and, in the absence of the official report, they assume that the commander of the Leda only resorted to drastic measures when other means were ineffectual. The captain of the Etoile de Mor has been arrested.

YELLOW FEVER SITUATION.

No New Cases and No Deaths at the Soldiers' Home or Phœbus.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—Surgeon Vickery wires Surgeon General Wyman, of the Marine Hospital Service, to-day, from the Soldiers' Home at Hampton, Va., as follows:

"No change. Everything favorable. Nearly all in tents that can be moved. Disinfection of buildings is being pushed along by Surgeon Von Egdorf."

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., August. 9.—The yellow fever situation at the Soldiers' Home remains unchanged. "No new cases and no deaths," is the report sent out again to-day from the Home.

The quarantine remains in force at all of the neighboring cities. Hampton and Phoebus, it is understood, have practically clean bills of health, and it is thought the quarantine, so far as Hampton is concerned, will be raised within the next forty-eight hours.

TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM

Effectually, yet gently, when costive or bilious; to permanently overcome habitual constipation; to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them; to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs, made by the California Fig Syrup Co.

MORE FIGHTING IN THE PHILIPPINES.

General MacArthur's Advance Movement From San Fernando On Angeles.

FILIPINOS WERE SURPRISED.

American Casualties Between Thirty and Forty—Filipino Loss Not Known. Enemy Driven at All Points. The Dead and Wounded.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, August 9.—Details of General MacArthur's advance beyond San Fernando show that the Americans covered five miles in the first five hours and at 2 o'clock had advanced six miles along the railway, stretching on each side of it for two miles and resting at night three miles from Angeles, which will be made the northern base of operations, instead of San Fernando, where a garrison of six hundred men has been left. The casualties are between thirty and forty.

The Filipinos were surprised, expecting the American forces to move against Tico. They followed their usual tactics of holding their trenches until they became too warm and then retreating in disorder. They are now falling back westward toward Poric.

A Difficult Task.

The Twelfth and Seventeenth regiments had the sharpest engagements. The country our troops passed over is covered with rice fields and bamboo thickets, the hardest possible ground for marching. The mud, in places, was knee deep.

Angeles is one of the richest towns north of Manila, and is considered to be a better base of operations than San Fernando.

The forces at San Fernando consisted of the Iowa regiment, the Seventeenth regiment, the Ninth regiment, Twelfth regiment, Bell's new Thirty-sixth regiment, a battalion of the Sixteenth regiment, troop E of the Fourth cavalry and fifteen guns.

The movement had been planned for some time, but was delayed by rain. Finally two days of sunshine dried the rice fields sufficiently to warrant the attempt.

The Americans' position had long been unpleasant. The rebels almost surrounded the town, and fired nearly nightly into it; the Americans not replying, except on extreme provocation. It was necessary to keep 500 to 600 men on outpost duty constantly.

Filipino Fakir Captured.

Captain Deems, with a provost guard, captured a noted Filipino fakir, with several aliases, who, by means of ventriloquism, has persuaded the natives that he has supernatural powers. He raised much money, ostensibly for the insurrection, which he kept for himself. Our soldiers surrounded his house and corralled thirty Filipinos. Many others escaped. The troops also captured one thousand dollars. Immanuel, as the fakir is generally known, has been predicting the fall of Manila. His "prophecies" have created great excitement among the natives who believed them.

Filipino and American Losses.

Reports from rebel sources say 150 Filipinos were killed in General Hall's engagement at Calamba and in the subsequent skirmishes. The American loss in the fighting about San Fernando at 3 o'clock was known to be eight men killed and twenty-six injured. The loss may possibly exceed these figures, as the line is five miles long and it is impossible at this hour to hear from every point.

Our troops are now about Angeles, waiting for the artillery, which has the greatest difficulty in moving, owing to the wet ground. The attack was opened at 5 o'clock in the morning, a battery of the First artillery shelling Bacolor on the left. Simultaneously Bell's Thirty-sixth infantry struck Bacolor from the rear and drove the rebels out. Armored cars, each with a six pounder and two Gatling revolving cannon on board, then moved out on the railroad track, in the centre of our lines. Soon afterwards these guns did sharp execution.

Fighting was Fierce.

Battery M, of the Third artillery and a hundred men of the Iowa regiment made a feint towards Mexico, while the main body of troops, consisting of the Iowa regiment, the Seventeenth regiment and a battalion of the Twenty-second, under General Wheaton, on the right, and the Ninth regiment, Twelfth regiment and Bell's regiment, under General Liscor on the left, advancdd steadily, pouring their fire into the rebels and receiving a heavy fire in return.

The rebels were well protected by trenches and seemed not to lack ammunition. But, they were unable to withstand for any length of time the hail of shots our artillery and infantry poured in on them, and retreated, leaving many dead and wounded on the field. A dozen prisoners were captured by our troops.

The reports indicate that the Ninth infantry suffered the most, though the casualties of all the regiments are not yet reported.

The weather was extremely hot and our troops suffered greatly. But there was no faltering.

A company of the Sixteenth regiment went to the relief of Bell's regiment this afternoon.

According to reports, Bell, out of a total of 192 has had many wounded sent in, and the insurgents are harrassing him in the rear.

General Otis' Report.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—General Otis confirms the report of the battle at San Fernando in the following cable:

"MacArthur, with 4,000 men, attacked the insurgent army, 6,000 strong, concentrated around San Fernando at 5.15 this morning. At 10 o'clock A. M. had driven it five miles in the direction of Angeles. Casualties few. Attack was ordered for the seventh inst., but rain did not permit the movement. The railway from Angeles north is badly washed by the unprecedented floods of the last six weeks; beyond the ability of the insurgents to repair."

LYNCHING IN GEORGIA.

An Unknown Negro Killed for Assaulting a White Woman.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JASPER, GA., August 9.—Last night an unknown negro entered the house of Mrs. Bush, a white woman, and demanded food and money. The woman told him she had neither at hand. He advanced upon and took hold of her. She screamed for help. Her husband, who was near by, ran to her rescue and caught and tied the negro. A posse started to jail with him. A few miles out a mob overtook the posse, took the negro from them and shot him.

If you wish to sell a farm or city property place it in the hands of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency. R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

THE ASIATIC PLAGUE.

Its Westward Advance—Appearance of the Disease at Alexandria—Menace to European Ports.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—The steady westward advance of the plague and the conditions prevailing at the latest point of attack in Alexandria, Egypt, are discussed in reports made to the State Department by Consul Robert C. Skinner at Marseilles. He says that the appearance of the disease at Alexandria shows a constant movement westward, and from its location there it is a menace to the great Mediterranean ports of Europe, most of which have adopted rigorous quarantine measures.

The state of affairs in Alexandria is set forth in a letter to the commercial authorities at Marseilles, bearing date of June 25th. It says the epidemic neither increases nor diminishes, but that about two new cases appear daily with occasional intervals. The municipality and the sanitary service of the city display tireless zeal in adopting measures of prevention. All suspects are immediately removed to a lazaret. A premium of two francs (36 cents) is given to any individual who will inform the authorities of a case of plague, and a premium of one franc (19 cents) is offered for the head of every rat dead of the plague.

CLEVELAND CAR STRIKE.

Another Car Dynamited—No One Hurt. Anti-Boycott Meeting of Business Men.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CLEVELAND, O., August 9.—A Big Consolidated street car was wrecked at 2 o'clock this morning, on the Wade Park avenue line, near Cactus Drive, a lonely spot adjoining Wade Park. The car was east-bound and the first intimation of danger was when it suddenly rose from the track and a deafening report was heard. Residents within a radius of a mile and a half were awakened by the roar and sprang from their beds to seek the cause.

The car was blown from the track and nearly demolished. The frightened mortorman was hurled from the vestibule and the conductor from the platform. They were not injured. The one passenger aboard also escaped unhurt.

During the afternoon Charles H. Bond, aged 18, was arrested, charged with placing explosives on the Consolidated tracks during the strike last June. The police declare this arrest important.

Five hundred business men of Cleveland held an anti-boycott meeting this afternoon in the Chamber of Commerce rooms. A fund of $10,000 was started to ferret out the criminals who are dynamiting cars and creating discord in the city. In a few minutes time not less than $5,000 was subscribed and the rest of the amount will be fully made up to-morrow.

RAILROAD FREIGHT TRAFFIC.

Competition Threatens to Involve Western Roads in a Serious Rate War—A Rejected Proposition.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, August 9.—The *Tribune* to-morrow will say:

Gulf competition for Missouri river merchandise traffic is certain to involve the Western roads in a serious rate war. The proposition to arbitrate the question whether the Kansas City, Pittsburg and Gulf roads should be allowed a differential rate on merchandise via the Gulf ports to the Missouri river has been voted down by the Western roads, because the South Atlantic lines are determined to meet any rate made by the Gulf lines.

Executive officers of the Western roads were in session all day trying to bring about a settlement of these troubles but failed,

A proposition was made to make the same rates by way of Newport News, Norfolk and Savannah to Texas points as are made via the Gulf ports to Kansas City by the Mallory and Morgan lines, the Kansas City, Pittsburg and Gulf, the Santa Fe and the Southern Pacific railroads, but it fell through.

CATHOLIC CHURCH TROUBLE.

Members of St. Patrick's Congregation of St. Louis Excommunicated by the Bishop of the Diocese.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, August 9.—The decree of Bishop Janssen, of the Roman Catholic diocese of Belleville, Ill., excommunicating the members of St. Patrick's congregation, of East St. Louis, who are in rebellion against his authority in the matter of appointing a foreign-born priest to succeed an Irish-American rector, went into effect at noon to day, when the communicants held a meeting in defiance of the prelate.

Last Sunday the decree was read in every church in the Belleville diocese, and last night at a largely attended meeting the members of St. Patrick's decided not to submit to it. The meeting held to-day in open defiance of Bishop Janssen brought to a climax the trouble that has been brewing for several months, or ever since the appointment of Father Cluse as rector in opposition to the wishes of the congregation, who are all Irish or Irish-Americans. About six hundred persons fall under the ban.

IT IS MORE COMPACT.

Mr. D. E. Askew, of Georgia, says every farmer stands in his own light if he does not change his press-box to 24x54.

"The square bale (24x54) is much more convenient, it being more compact. Besides, it makes a neat package, and I think every ginner, also farmer, are standing in their own light by not changing their press box and demanding their cotton put up in the standard bale. I see some one, probably ginners, are complaining on the grounds that it would be difficult to pack a bale weighing 500 pounds in a box 24x54. To this I will say that I was under the same impression, but I can say by experience that I never was so badly mistaken about anything in my life. I found no trouble to pack from 500 to 600 pounds to the bale. I am well pleased with the change, and if there was not such a thing as a standard bale, and I had to build a press, knowing what I do, I certainly would make it 24x54, because I find it much more convenient."

J. M. Bates, alias J. C. Cooper, wanted in New York for theft of three Chesapeake and Ohio 4½ per cent. bonds of $1,000, was arrested in Savannah, Ga. Bates, who is about twenty years old, is said to have obtained the bonds from Murphy & Co., brokers, on a forged check. He has confessed.

RACE PROBLEM AGAIN DISCUSSED.

At the Meeting of the State Agricultural Association of Georgia.

HON. POPE BROWN'S ADDRESS

The White Man and the Negro at the Parting of the Ways—Should Assist the Negro to Leave the Country. Whites Must Rule.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

QUITMAN, GA., August 9.—At the meeting of the Georgia State Agricultural Society here to day the race problem came prominently to the front as a topic of discussion. Hon. Pope Brown, president of the society, an extensive and prosperous planter of the State, asserted that the white man and the negro are at the parting of the ways, and said the former should assist the latter in his efforts to leave this country.

That portion of his annual address on the negro question was loudly applauded. In this connection he was also bold and unequivocal in declaring that the South should stop toadying to the North.

Mr. Brown said in part: "It is between the white people of the South and the negroes of the South. The South-haters of the North are at the bottom of all the trouble, and we need not flatter ourselves that these South-haters are few and far between. There are plenty of them. In my opinion the majority of them have no use for us, except when they think they are making something out of us. Mr. Thurber, of New York, rendered us a great service a few days ago by telling us exactly what he and his people think of us. I think it is time we were letting them alone. Quit running after them. Then quit toadying to them. The small politician also causes friction between the races. By submitting every question—county, municipal and State—to a white primary, this trouble could be averted and better government would be secured in all cases.

"The leaders of the negro race are preaching discontent, and whether the scheme of colonization is practical or not I am not prepared to say; but I do believe that it is to the interest of the people of the South to aid and abet the negro in his efforts to leave us. A few days ago when certain prominent citizens were called on by the press to say how we should protect our families against certain crimes there was a response that seemed to meet the approval of the press. It was this: 'Make a miniature arsenal of every country home.' I say if it has come to that, it is time for the parting of the ways. Shall we part in peace or strife? I would say peace and let us stand not upon the cost."

Among other speakers was Hon. Hoke Smith, of Atlanta, who discussed "Practical education."

ALEXANDRIA LYNCHING.

Whites Apprehensive of An Uprising of the Colored Population.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—The *Evening Star's* report from Alexandria, Va., states that a request has been sent to Richmond for the equipment of the militia company located at that place, because of the possibility of trouble growing out of the lynching there last night of the negro Thomas. The reports state that some of the whites are apprehensive of an uprising of the colored population tonight, but that to day all is quiet.

The negroes here are much stirred up over the lynching last night of Ben Thomas. About one hundred Springfield rifles telegraphed for by Captain King, of the Alexandria Light Infantry, reached here to-day from the State Armory at Richmond, and to-night members of the infantry assembled and held themselves in readiness should a call be made.

The mayor is quoted as saying that he intends to actively prosecute those persons engaged in the lynching. The coroner's jury convened to-day and rendered a verdict that Thomas came to his death at the hands of a mob, the members of which are unknown to the jury.

THE POPE'S CONDITION.

Conflicting Reports As to His Health from Vienna and Rome.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

VIENNA, August 9.—The *Allegemeine Zeitung* says that the Pope is ill, in consequence of the great heat and has had several fainting fits. Dr. Lapponi, his physician, was hastily summoned.

LONDON, August 10.—The dispatches from Rome to the morning papers do not confirm the alarmist statement of the *Allegemeine Zeitung* regarding the health of the Pope. On the contrary they assert that his holiness is busy preparing an enciclycal on the peace con ference which will urge the necessity of the Holy See regaining complete temporal liberty in order that it may promote the work of peace aud arbitration.

NORTHERN FANATICS.

Miss Jewett and the Baker Family Give An Exhibition at Boston.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BOSTON, August 9.—Three thousand people paid ten cents admission to the People's Temple to-night to see Miss Jewett and the colored Baker family. The Baker woman furnished the sensation of the evening. While J. W. Hutchinson, the white-haired abolitionist singer, was singing his song, "The Fatherhood of God and the Brotherhood of Man," the Baker woman experienced religious exhilaration. She dropped her little son, Willis, who had been sleeping in her arms, and strode around the platform, rolling here eyes and waving her hands. A dozen people conducted her to a seat. Among other speakers were Rev. Justin D. Fulton and Miss Jewett.

NATURALIZED CITIZENS.

Three of the Five Italians Lynched by a Mob at Tallulah, Louisiana.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—The State Department has received from Governor Foster, of Louisiana, certified copies of the final naturalization papers taken by Frank, Charles and Joe De Fatta, three of the men lynched at Tallulah, and claimed by the Italian authorities to be Italian citizens. The naturalization papers were issued by the court in Madison district, and are regarded by the authorities as establishing beyond question the citizenship of these three participants in the affair. Governor Foster's final report on the circumstances of the lyn ching has not yet been received.

FOUR FIREMEN KILLED.

Fighting a Fire at Omaha, Neb.—Came in Contact With a Live Electric Light Wire.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

OMAHA, NEB., August 9.—Four firemen lost their lives to-night in a blaze on an upper floor of the Mercer Chemical Company's building, at Eleventh and Harney streets. The fire in itself was insignificant, the fatalities resulting from contact with a live wire.

When the fire had been brought under control, the firemen set to work to lower the big extension truck upon which they had been working. Suddenly there was a sputtering and succession of flashes. The men who were at work lowering the ladder were held in agony a moment and then fell to the pavement limp and apparently lifeless. In lowering the ladder it had come in contact with a live electric wire carrying a current of 2,000 volts. The injured men were at once carried into an adjoining building and doctors who were present used every means known to revive them. Chas. Hopper revived in a few minutes and, saying he was all right, started to walk away. He had only gone about fifty feet when he dropped dead. Otto Geiseke showed signs of reviving, but when only partially rallied, sank back and expired. The other two never at any time showed any signs of animation, and were doubtless dead when picked up.

FAVORABLE TO JIMINEZ.

The Revolution in San Domingo—Government Troops Desert to the Enemy.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CAPE HAYTIEN, August 9.—General Francisco Liriano, sent from Monte Christi by the Dominican government to attack General Ramon Pacheco, at Dajabon, the headquarters of the revolutionists, was abandoned when he arrived in front of the enemy by his troops, who without firing a shot deserted and entered the camp of General Pacheco. The advanced posts of the latter are at Las Aguas and the revolutionists are masters of the fords across the river Yaque, thus cutting off communication between Monte Christi and the interior. The forces of Don Juan Isidro Jiminez, leader of the revolution will be augmented every day and the news from all parts of the Dominican republic is favorable to him.

NEW YORK DEMOCRATS.

The Syracuse Meeting—Fight Between Factions Precipitated On the Floor.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., August 9.—The meeting of the Chicago platform Democrats of the State of New York was called to order at 10.30 A. M. today, with fifty delegates present. A fight was precipitated on the floor. The anti-trust and anti-imperialism factions were on one side and the ultra free silver faction on the other. The substance of the resolutions introduced by the former declare that opposition to trusts and imperialism should be the paramount issues in the campaign of 1900. The election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people is also advocated.

ANOTHER COMBINE.

Proposed Consolidation of Bag Manufacturers and Rope Paper Makers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 9.—It is understood that a combination of flour and cement bag manufacturers and rope paper makers is underway. The prime mover in the proposed consolidation is said to be the National Paper Sack Company, which has office in this city. According to reports, various concerns in this State, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Virginia and West Virginia, will be absorbed. The capitalization of the combine is not given.

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—Boston—Boston, 7; Cleveland, 3.

Louisville—Louisville, 4; New York, 2.

St. Louis—St. Louis, 6; Baltimore, 3.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 13; Philadelphia, 14.

Chicago—Chicago, 6; Washington, 3.

Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 14; Brooklyn, 13.

AGAINST THE UNITED STATES.

Republics of Argentina, Brazil and Chili Negotiating An Alliance.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

RIO DE JANEIRO, August 9.—In spite of denials on the subject, it is said that President Roco, of the Argentine Republic, who is now here as the guest of Brazil, is desirous of negotiating an alliance between Argentine, Brazil and Chili against the United States. The Presidents of these three republics will meet at Buenos Ayres next month.

NEW CROP RICE.

First of the Season Received at Charleston—Unusually Early.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., August 9.—A parcel of 280 bushels, the first of the new crop of rice, was received here this morning from Ashepo, Colleton county. This is unusually early, the first of last year's crop having been received on September 10th.

WARM WIRELETS.

Emperor William, of Germany, it is said, has decided to assent to the resolutions of the peace conference.

The yacht Columbia defeated the Defender yesterday by twenty-two minutes and eighteen seconds, in a forty-three mile run, off the wind, from Gardiner's Bay to Newport, R I.

The Montreal fast express, from Montreal to Ottawa, over the Canadian Atlantic, jumped the track near St. Polycarpe. Six or seven persons lost their lives.

A deputation of Finlanders is at St. John's, N. B., inspecting the country with a view to arranging for the immigration of thousands of Finlanders who are immigrating because of the tyranny of the Russian government.

Arrangements are being made f r the removal of the Springvale cotton mills, of Springvale, Maine, to Fort Valley, Georgia, which will be the second removal of the kind from York county, Maine.

A tidal wave burst into the bay at Valparaiso, Chili, Tuesday evening, tearing down the embankment and sweeping off a number of cars, locomotives, and tons of merchandise, the loss being estimated at $10,000,000.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Lost—On Dock or Second streets, Gold Spectacles. Nashville, Tenn., printed on the case. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at STAR office. aug 10 1t*

For Sale—A nice light Yawl, 14 feet 4 inches long, 4 feet 6 inches wide. A good row and surf boat. Jas. I. Metts. aug 8 tf

Taylor's Studio—I will open my studio in the new building, corner Front and Princess streets, about August 15, and will be glad to furnish the public with all kinds of first-class Photographs and Life Size Portraits and Frames. Very respectfully, Paul M. Taylor. jy 25 tf

I Am Agent for the "Randolf" Buggy and also of other work. Come and see me when in need of Buggies and Harness. P. H. Hayden. aug 3 tf

Highest Cash Prices for Beeswax, Deertongue, Eggs, Chickens, Timber, etc. Number one Farm Horse for sale. T. D. Love, 94 North Water street. jy 30 tf

Large consignment Mt. Airy Apples in to-day. Choice stock for quick sale. Bananas, Oranges, Lemons and Choice Confections. Best Up-country Butter always on hand. A. S. Winstead, Second street, corner postoffice green. jy 20 tf

Photographic Notice—U. C. Ellis, Photographer, has returned and is now at his old stand, 114 Market street. jy 16 tf

City Lots For Sale—Cheap for cash, or sold on time on sufficient margin. Apply to Geo. H. Howell, Attorney at Law, room No. 5 Smith building. jy 15 1m

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 3 tf

Wanted—Peaches, Apples, Plums, Grapes and all kinds of Fruits. Also, all kinds of Produce. Good prices and prompt returns guaranteed. H. B. Moore, Commission Merchant, No. 5 Dock street. je 11 tf

Rock Salt, Hay, Grain, fresh-ground Meal, Hominy, and all kinds of mixed Feed. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. my 28 tf

Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.

One 80-acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.

A Farm of 250 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, saw house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 143 Acres

in Long Creek village, Pender county—25 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 50 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six-room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also, garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres. All set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting railroad, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 265 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty-two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington.

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. Two tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,

R. G. GRADY & CO.,

Burgaw, N. C.

je 7

PEACE INSTITUTE,

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One of the best female schools in the South, and the cheapest for advantages given. Send for catalogue.

e 15 tf JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A.

FRESH CAKES.

110 BOXES LEMON CAKES.
100 BOXES ASSORTED CAKES.
25 CASES 10c MILK.
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156 BOXES GREEN COFFEE.
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3000 PIECES BAGGING.
3500 BUNDLES TIES.
59 BARRELS RICE.
25 BAGS JAVA RICE.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
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THE NORTH CAROLINA College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts

Offers a thorough practical education in all branches of Agriculture, in Cotton Manufacturing, in Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, in Architecture and in the Industrial Sciences, Chemistry, Biology and Physics. Regular courses, special courses, short courses.

Total annual expenses, including board, fuel, lights, etc., $118.50.

One hundred and twenty scholarships carrying free tuition and lodging are open to needy boys. Appointments made by any member of the Legislature.

ELEVENTH SESSION OPENS SEPTEMBER 6TH, 1899.

Candidates for admission may be examined in each county court house at 10 A. M., AUGUST 19TH, 1899, by the County Superintendent, or at the College in Raleigh, SEPTEMBER 5TH, 1899.

For catalogue, address

PRESIDENT GEO. T. WINSTON,
WEST RALEIGH, N. C.

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The balance of our stock of Suitings and Trouserings AT COST. OUR $1 25 Negligee Shirts at

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this week. They are handsome and will catch your eye. Come in and look them over. All other Goods accordingly. SAVE MONEY by buying of us. Prices "CUT NO FIGURE" this season of the year.

M. H. CURRAN,
107 PRINCESS STREET.

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Seashore Hotel,

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C

GEORGE CAMPBELL, Prop.
R. E. CRAWFORD, Manager.

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WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH is not only noted for its Cooling Summer Breezes and matchless view of the Grand Old Atlantic Ocean, but it is the

Most Famous Summer Resort on the Continent.

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SPECIAL RAILROAD RATES FROM CHARLOTTE, GREENSBORO, RALEIGH, GOLDSBORO AND OTHER POINTS.

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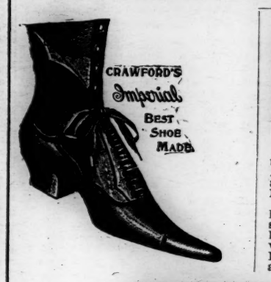

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It wears easy, soft and flexible. In order to get this Shoe introduced, we will offer them next week at A BIG REDUCTION. Once you buy it you will always buy it. This is what you can do at Gaylord's New Shoe Store, No. 109 Market street, next week.

You can buy a genuine Ladies' Vici Kid button or lace Shoe at $1.5⁵. A good Commonsense lace Shoe, solid leather, at $1.25. A nice dress Shoe, up-to date, lace or button, at $2.00. The Picnic line, up-to date, silk vested top, lace for button, at $2.0⁵. The Hamilton Brown Old Ladies' Shoe, lace or elastic, soft as a glove, at $2 00.

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The Battle Axe line is up-to-date in all the new style toes, lace and congress at $1.75 to $2.00. We have a nice Tan Shoe, new goods, all solid, at $1.25.

Drop in and examine our line of Tan and Black Vici Kid Shoes. We will take pleasure in showing you through our stock.

We want to increase our business, and in order to do so we will sell Shoes at a very small profit. We have just gotten in a nice line of Ladies' and Gent's new Shoes this week, and we invite you to call in and look through our stock.

Remember the place, 109 Market street, with the door and window full of Shoes.

Our terms are Strictly CASH. Store will be open every night until half past 8 o'clock.

GEO. O. GAYLORD'S
NEW SHOE STORE.

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THE KING GROCERY CO.

offer for sale their entire business, consisting of Good Will, Stock, Fixtures, Horses and Wagons. If buyer prefers, will sell Stock and Fixtures without Horses and Wagons. They are now doing a three thousand dollar business per month, and it has steadily increased since they began in 1897. The business is profitable, and it is EVERY CENT CASH. The manager can give satisfactory reasons for selling.

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Aches? Yours? If so, what is the cause? Does a little worry or over work bring that tight, sore, uneasy aching sensation at the base of the brain just back of the ear? Have you ever thought it might be due to your eyes? Could we convince you by relieving it with Glasses? This is one of the "eye headaches" so common with those having pronounced refractive errors. Proper Glasses will correct the defect. The cause removed the effects disappear.

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THEY ARE ARRIVING,
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OUR BUYER having visited the markets early, has shown exceptionally good taste in CAREFULLY SKIMMING and accepting none but the Pure and Unadulterated Cream.

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